DEVELOPMENT OF AN OPERATIONS RESEARCH SOFTWARE PACKAGE FOR ARMY DIVISIONS

THESIS

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THESIS

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Air Force Institute of Technology

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ABSTRACT

There exists great potential for applying operations research techniques to solve specific problems in the areas of operations, installation support, and training at the Army division level. Because of the operational tempo of today's active-duty and reserve component units, command must focus on accomplishing the daily missions. Also, due their limited knowledge of the field, planners may not be aware of how operations research can be used to enhance planning and operations. Time, training funds, resources, safety, personnel, and equipment are all critical factors in this process. Operations research techniques could be used to improve division-level operations by saving time, managing resources more efficiently, and helping leaders make sound decisions. This thesis research is designed to increase the awareness of how the use of operations research at the division level, can aid planners and decision-makers in solving real problems encountered on a daily basis, thus improving unit operations. By using Microsoft Excel, Visual Basic, and Microsoft Access, a software package was developed to assist division planners in solving problems encountered in such areas as transportation, risk management, fuel service, dining facilities, and shelf storage. Using the software package can result in division planners managing time and resources more effectively.

I. Introduction

Operations Research and Systems Analysis (ORSA) has made a significant impact on United States Army operations since World War II. During this period, Army leaders have addressed many complicated operational problems. Because of the potential loss of lives and equipment, solving problems by experimentation was not feasible. Military leaders applied experience, intuition, imagination, and sometimes the scientific method to solve operational problems. This approach was referred to as "hard core operations ORSA" by Gene Visco, former Director of the U.S. Army Model Improvement and Study Management Agency (MISMA). Visco states that "time and the demand for high level analysis have caused operations ORSA to drift toward analysis that determines facts instead of solving problems."

The role of operations ORSA should return to its original function of providing solutions to operational problems. Walt Hollis, Deputy Under Secretary of the Army (Operations Research) commented that "operations ORSA will get closer to day-to-day Army operations", and he sees the operations ORSA community solving more operational problems. This would include operational problems commanders face daily from "the installation to the battlefield" (David, 1993).

Currently, the United States Army has ten active combat divisions that represent the highest level of tactical command in peacetime and during war. The divisions are located in the United States, Germany, and South Korea. Modern divisions are very large and complex. With the advancement of technology, divisions are integrated with computers which control complex weapons, maintenance, and logistics systems. Soldiers and

commanders are technically proficient in the use of their equipment and tactically proficient in leadership positions. Yet, even with this modern force, the task of solving problems has not decreased in difficulty or importance. In fact, the task has become more complicated because divisions can now deploy anywhere in the world, increasing the planning and logistical requirements.

Typically, a division has 18,000 combat-ready soldiers. With this size, the daily operations conducted by soldiers in a division are enormous, ranging from the very simple to the extremely complicated. For example, on a daily basis, soldiers wait in a line for service; this could be in a dining facility, the central issue facility (CIF), or in an assembly area for fuel. The daily operations might also entail support battalions transporting supplies to combat units in a minimal amount of time, based on the number of available routes. Planners must schedule training and logisticians need to store equipment and supplies in a variety of storage facilities and need to plan for arrival, installation, use, and subsequent breakdown of spare parts.

The daily tasks are accomplished regardless of the level of operations research applied. However, it is possible that a task may not be completed in the most efficient manner thus wasting time, money, or resources on a given task. Many of these operations have had operations research applied to them successfully in industry. In a similar way, the inclusion of operations research to model daily operations should provide beneficial results to units within the division, improving speed, increasing standards, or decreasing resources used.

Operations research gives planners and decision-makers the advantage of making quick, sound decisions through the use of proven techniques. Since operations research

is so effective, why are divisions not using operations ORSA techniques already? Interviewees stated that the use of operations research software was limited due to time, availability for the analysis, training of the users, and accessibility to operations research software. The fundamental objective of this research is to increase the productive use of operations research in the division, by helping planners and decision-makers solve real problems that are encountered on a daily basis through the application of sound operations research methodology.

Problem Statement

There is great potential to utilize OR techniques to solve specific problems in the areas of operations, installation support, and training at the division level. Because of the operational tempo of today's active-duty and reserve component units, leaders are completely focused on successfully accomplishing the daily missions. Due to limited knowledge, planners may not be aware of how operations research can enhance their planning and operations. Time, training funds, resources, safety, personnel, and equipment are all critical factors in this process. Using operations research techniques could improve division-level operations by saving time, managing resources more efficiently, and helping leaders make sound decisions.

Research Objective

To assist the planner and decision-maker, an operations research software package that enables a user to minimize time, minimize cost, manage resources, maximize safety, or optimize large complicated problems can be developed. This can be accomplished by using easy to operate programs, an extensive set of sample problems, and a user's manual.

By the developing this software package for the division, it will give military personnel a better understanding of operations research and the benefits that can be achieved.

Research Scope

The author attempts to solve operational problems that are a representation of problems a division leader encounters in their daily operations. However, this operations research software package will not provide a solution for all of the problems divisions encounter on a daily basis. In addition, the software package includes previously developed analysis software that can be bundled with any original software created in this research. Expectedly, this research generates new ideas and a higher demand for more operational problem solving within the division and therefore requires updates and revisions.

Research Issues

Proprietary software is needed to solve certain problems. In addition, it is important for users to receive training on this operations research software package in order to understand its potential and its limitations. In most cases, a non-operations research analyst can benefit from this product. Finally, future enhancements and modifications for this operations research software package may be needed as the scope and type of operations change in the division and other techniques become available.

Overview

The process in developing the analysis software package is as follows: Chapter 1 defines the problem, defines the research objective, and defines the scope. Chapter 2 discusses the process of finding operations research problems and describes the problems encountered. Chapter 3 discusses the methodology of solving the operational problems.

Chapter 4 provides output results from the operations research software package, and it includes comments from actual users in the division on the operations research software package. Chapter 5 discusses a summary and future research objectives as a result of this analysis package. In addition, it describes the process of writing the users' manual and recording the developed software on a CD-ROM for distribution to all Army divisions.

II. Literature Review

Overview

This chapter discusses some of the problems found in Army divisions and how information about these problems was gathered from personal interviews, phone conversations, e-mail correspondence, historical data from military related web sites, background information on operation research, and U.S. Army manuals. Finally, the chapter concludes with information on operations research software available in divisions.

Visits and Interviews

One method of identifying operational, training, and logistics problems in the division was through personal visits. On April 17, 1998, members of the 101st Air Assault Division General staff at Fort Campbell, Kentucky participated in an interview session designed to identify operational problems. In addition, correspondence with individuals through telephone interviews and attendance at the 1998 Military Operations Research Symposium (MORS) at the Naval Postgraduate School, Monterey, California confirmed previously identified problems and helped point out new problem areas. Listed below are the findings from the interviews and visits.

<u>Problem description</u>: Traffic planning on Army installations

The objective is to analyze existing and projected traffic patterns on Army installations. This analysis would be used to make recommendations that would resolve safety problems that may occur due to changes in traffic volumes on roads and traffic signal intersections. This study would entail a simulation model and a prediction model of a

specific traffic area. The use of this model is specific to the Army installation being studied.

Source: LTC William Klimack, CDR, 2nd Battalion, 28th Infantry Regiment, Fort Jackson, South Carolina

<u>Problem description</u>: Storage optimization problem (external storage)

How can we minimize the storage of different types of equipment in a given area? This leads to questions such as how much equipment can be stored in a cargo shelter on a 3 1/4 ton trailer? How much can be stored in a connex for NTC?

Source: Michael Sullivan, 101st Air Assault Division G4, Fort Campbell, Kentucky

<u>Problem description</u>: Directorate of Public Works (DPW) prioritizes its programs on a constrained budget? With reduced budgets across Army installations, what methods or procedures does the office of DPW use in order to support Army programs such as electrical and water operations, post work order scheduling, post self help agency, fire departments, or construction agencies.

Source: LTC William Klimack, CDR, 2nd Battalion, 28th Infantry Regiment, Fort Jackson, South Carolina

Problem description: Improve range scheduling

Because of limited resources such as training areas, units must schedule and coordinate the use of resources on installations across the Army. How are training resources being used? Is the method of scheduling efficient? Is there a need for a better scheduling system? Is there an effective way to optimize the use of training areas? A study could be performed and techniques developed to optimize the use of training areas.

Source: LTC William Klimack, CDR, 2nd Battalion, 28th Infantry Regiment, Fort Jackson, South Carolina

Problem description: Fuel stations are needed to support vehicles arriving in an assembly area? After an exercise, a battalion has fuel tankers positioned to service supported units to refuel their vehicles. To assist in the planning process of determining the time soldiers spend waiting in line for fuel, this process could be analyzed through a simulation modeled as a multiple server-queue network. The queue discipline is designed to model the behavior of drivers choosing the shortest line, while waiting for fuel. This will allows planners to establish and manage fuel stations, efficiently. This will enable the planner to make a decision on the number of fuel trucks needed as servers? This simulation also could be used in other areas such as evaluating how long soldiers wait in line for service in a dining facility. This might lead to a decision on the number of dining facilities needed to service soldiers. What is amount of time soldiers wait in line to issue items such as MREs, ammunition, fuel, and supplies? This process could be modeled as a simulation with soldiers moving from one station to the next until they have received all of their equipment. How long does it take to issue prescriptions for patients in a medical facility? How long does it take to issue equipment at the central issue facility (CIF)? How long does it take to see patients in a troop medical clinic (TMC) from the time of arrival to the time of departure?

Source: LTC William Klimack, CDR, 2nd Battalion, 28th Infantry Regiment, Fort Jackson, South Carolina

<u>Problem description</u>: How are supply organizations monitoring the requisition of aircraft parts? The DA 1352 document does not pick up all data for reporting purposes.

Is there a way to monitor trends in aircraft parts not recorded on the 1352 documentation in order to evaluate the reliability of a given component?

Source: Michael Sullivan, G4, 101st Air Assault Division

<u>Problem description</u>: Analysis of Hemet across the Army to analyze the most common repair parts in order to evaluate the most reliable components.

Source: Michael Sullivan, G4, 101st Air Assault Division, Fort Campbell, Kentucky

<u>Problem description</u>: A unit commander is required to load a given type of aircraft, such as a C-141. At a moments notice, a smaller transport aircraft, such as a C-130, is assigned as a replacement. The unit commander is directed to load the smaller aircraft, efficiently. Develop a tool that will optimize the movement of supplies via air, based on the available transport aircraft.

Source: Michael Sullivan, G4, 101st Air Assault Division, Fort Campbell, Kentucky-

<u>Problem description</u>: Analysis of humanitarian efforts in order to establish documentation of a humanitarian package for peacekeeping operations? What size is the package? How many people to support the package? What material is included in the package?

Source: Timothy Considinet, G5, 101st Air Assault Division, Fort Campbell, Kentucky

Historical data

Another source of operational problems is available at the Center for Army Lessons Learned web page (CALL) located at http://call.army.mil.

<u>Problem description</u>: Supply and distribution of engineer Class IV and V materials to engineer units for defensive operations. Class IV and V resupply for the defense is one of the most demanding logistical operations that a task force (TF) must complete.

Problems documented were the supply and distribution of engineer The result is that units fall short of having required items at a given place and time.

The use of palletized, standardized combat configured loads (CCLs) and the use of the palletized loading system can help resolve the planning and distribution of these materials. The palletized truck has the capability to carry 16.5 tons of supplies, traveling at a maximum speed of 50 mile per hour. The problem of minimizing time across available routes (arcs) to required units (nodes) might be a reliable approach to solve this problem.

<u>Problem description</u>: Risk management is either too time consuming or ignored during the planning process. In some cases, task forces are not identifying and assessing the risk of an operation. An automated risk management tool would assist personnel as they plan and execute a given mission and reduce the time needed for this assessment.

Operations Research Techniques

Using operations research techniques are ideal to solve some of the problems identified in previous sections. Some of the problems identified could be solved as a transportation problem using linear programming, a queuing network using discrete event simulation, a two-dimensional cutting stock problem using dynamic programming, and a risk management worksheet using Microsoft Access.

Transportation problem

Anderson, Sweeney, and Williams (1994) describe how transportation problems are frequently used in planning for the distribution of goods and services from different supply and demand locations. Normally, the quantity of available goods is limited at supply and demand locations. The objective of the transportation problem is to minimize

the total cost of shipping goods from supply to demand locations over available routes. If the supply locations do not have the goods to meet the demand at the destination node, the transportation problem will not have a feasible solution. If a route exists from every available supply node to every available demand node, this is referred to as a complete bipartite graph as stated by (Jensen Notes). If a route is no longer available from a supply node to a demand node, the route is dropped from the network (Anderson, Sweeney, and Williams, 1994) and resolved as a linear program.

Anderson, Sweeney, and Williams, (1994) states that a linear program model can be used to represent the transportation problem. A linear program is an optimization problem that seeks the most or fewest variables in an objective function. The values for the decision variables must satisfy a set of constraints, and there is a sign restriction associated with each variable (Winston, 1994). Linear programming belongs to a deterministic class of problems because the results can be predicted with certainty (Dantzig, 1963). For example, linear programming was used in the food processing industry to determine the routes required to ship ketchup from six plants (supply nodes) to seventy warehouses (demand nodes) (Dantzig, 1963). When solving a transportation problem as a linear program it must have an objective function, supply constraints, and demand constraints (Winston, 1994).

There are a number of linear programming software packages available to solve a transportation problem. The Microsoft Excel spreadsheet is one of the most widely-distributed software packages that includes a built-in solver to optimize linear programs as implemented on a spreadsheet. Today, over 28,000,000 Microsoft Excel users have the optimization solver developed by Frontline Systems, Incorporated (Fylstra, 1998).

The standard software package for the United States Army is Microsoft Office, which includes Microsoft Excel.

Discrete Event Simulations

A discrete event simulation is a model of a system in which state variables only change at discrete points in time. Discrete event simulations can be used to imitate the operation of a real-world process or system over time; they can mimic what happens in real-world systems. The advantages of simulating are that it can provide insight on how a system operates and suggestive improvements for a system under investigation, by changing input and observing the resulting output without actually experimenting on the real system (Banks, Carson, and Nelson, 1996). As such, discrete simulations can be used as a tool for "What if" questions as new systems are designed (Banks, Carson, and Nelson, 1996). However, one major disadvantage is that simulations can be time consuming and difficult to interpret (Banks, Carson, and, Nelson, 1996).

A queuing system could be modeled in a simulation. A queuing system can consist of a number of queues and servers at each queue. Savage (1998) refers to a queuing system with exponentially distributed interarrival and service times with N identical servers as a M/M/N queue. To model a process with more than one queue, can be accomplished by implementing parallel queues in a network. (Savage, 1998). Banks, Carson, and Nelson, (1996) noted that potential customers in this system usually come from a large finite population. Normally, there is a limited amount of space for customers waiting for service in queue (Banks, Carson, and, Nelson, 1996). However, one may assume there is adequate space for customers waiting for service in an assembly area or a dining facility. With a large queue, the importance of a queuing discipline is very important.

A queuing discipline is the logical ordering of customers in a queue, and it determines which customer in a system is chosen for service, as the server becomes free. The queue discipline for customers waiting for service could be the First-in-First-out (FIFO) queuing discipline which means that a customer is serviced in the same order has arrival to the queue (Banks, Carson, and, Nelson, 1996).

The idea of simulating queues has been developed in a number of software packages. It is beneficial to simulate because queues can become too complicated, too quickly, when evaluating analytically. Savage (1998) developed a discrete event simulation for a multiple network queue, using Microsoft Excel spreadsheets. He uses a transition matrix to control the flow of customers among the different stations in the queuing network. A transition matrix is implemented based on Markov chains. A Markov chain is a discrete-time event stochastic process. As an entity moves from one state during one period to another state, this is referred to as a transition. There is a transition probability for Markov chains, which can be represented as a matrix (Winston, 1994). It is very important that all row entries in a transition matrix are nonnegative and each row in the matrix must sum to unity (Winston, 1994). A terminating simulation runs for some duration of time, which is set by the user, and it may have initial conditions such as empty queues or service lines (Banks, Carson, and, Nelson, 1996).

Two-Dimensional Cutting Stock Problem

A two-dimensional cutting stock problem is used to minimize the waste of supplies such as sheets of glass or wood required while satisfying customer orders. The customer's order could require a number of patterns of different lengths and widths. The objective of the cutting stock problem is to minimize the number of sheets required but still meeting the customer's order. For example, a cutting stock problem which customers demanded boards of 40 different lengths involving over 100 million possible ways a board could be cut would very cumbersome to price out the different variables to enter the basis (Winston, 1994). Anderson, Sweeney, and Williams, (1994) concludes that dynamic programming is useful in solving a problem of this type because it allows a large problem to be decomposed into smaller problems that are easier to solve. Winston (1994) points out that by using a column generation approach in solving the cutting stock method, it eliminates the need to price out every nonbasic variable to enter the basis when there are a large number of decision variable. He states the column generation method determines the nonbasic variable that prices out favorably by solving a subproblem referred to as a knapsack problem. By finding the number of items, each of which has a different weight and value, that can be placed in a knapsack with limited weight capacity to maximize the total value of the items placed in the knapsack is referred to as a knapsack problem (Anderson, Sweeney, and, Williams, 1994). Chang-Gon, Myung-Kee, and Hien-Taek coded the two-dimensional cutting stock problem by using dynamic programming and the column generation method, using the BASIC programming language.

Risk Management

FM 100-14 states that risk management "is the process of identifying and controlling hazards to conserve combat power and resources." The steps involved in risk management are identifying the hazard, assessing the hazard, developing controls, assessing residual risk, implementing controls, and supervising and evaluating the problem. A hazard is defined as "any real or potential condition that can cause injury, illness, or death of personnel, or damage to or loss of equipment or property, or mission degradation" (Risk Management, Force XXI presentation slides). After identifying the hazard, the next step is to assess the hazard. A leader must assess the risk degree of the The risk degree could be <u>low</u> (L), with very little impact on the mission, moderate (M) with an expected degradation of the mission, high (H) with a significant degradation of the mission, or extremely high (EH) with the loss of ability to accomplish the mission. Once the hazards have been assessed, the leader must develop control measures that can be taken to eliminate or reduce risk to hazard (Risk management, Force XXI presentation slides). The next step is to determine residual degree of the risk, which could be <u>low</u> (L), <u>moderate</u> (M), <u>high</u> (H), or <u>extremely high</u> (EH). The next step in the risk management process is to implement control measures by integrating them into standing operating procedures (SOP), written and verbal orders, and mission briefings. Finally, leaders must supervise mission rehearsals to ensure standards and control measures are enforced, and they must continue to monitor the control measures during the mission (FM 100-14). All of the information is recorded on a risk management worksheet as shown in Figure 1.

RISK MANAGEMENT WORKSHEET

SAMPLE

SOLUTION - SCENARIO 2

				r A	GE 1 01 _2		
1. MSN/TASK: Perform an		OTG BEGIN: 271500MARXX 3. DATE PREPARED: FND: 281800MARXX 27 MAR XX					
4. PREPARED BY: 2 Lt Was	hington F	lt Ldr 2nd Plt B Co 2 /66th Armor					
RANK/LAST NAME/DUTY POSITION							
5. HAZARDS	\s.\tau	the controls	8,72	STUTE 11. HOW TO IMPLEMENT	12. HOW TO SUPERVISE	13. C E OF NE T C OIL V S E	
Obstacles - Enemy Tank Ditch - Enemy Wire Obstacle	E	Look for By Pass Route Request Engineer Support for Breeching Operation Actions at an Obstacle Drills	н	Unit TACSOP, FM 17-15 OPORD Rehersal	Cont Supervision Cont Supervision Cont Supervision		
Enemy Forces - I Chemical Attack Company - Chemical Agents - Maneuvering in a Chemical Environment	Е	SP in MOPP II Mount M8 Alarm on Vehicle Use Tank NBC System when Alarm goes off Perform PMCS on Tank NBC System	н	OPORD Unit TACSOP Unit TACSOP, FM 17-15 TM 9-2350-264-10	Cont Supervision Cont Supervision		
Unreliable Soldier Discipline - Uniform - PMCS	н	Brief Leaders and Soldiers on proper Uniform Brief Leaders and Soldiers on importance of PMC and Discipline	M	Verbal Unit TACSOP, Verbal	Cont Supervision Cont Supervision		
Friendly Fire - Converging Forces - Friendly Artillery Fire and Smoke	E	Graphic Control Measures, Situational Awareness Positive ID Communication, Cross-Talk	н	OPORD ,Unit TACSOP Unit TACSOP Spot Report Situation Report,	Cont Supervision Cont Supervision Verbal Cont Supervision		
Adverse Environmental Conditions - Extreme Heat	Н	Implement Hydration Plan Monitor Diet Establish Rest Plan	М	OPORD, TACSOP Unit TACSOP	Monitor Spot Check Monitor		
9. OVERALL RISK LEVEL AFTER CONTROLS ARE IMPLEMENTED (CIRCLE ONE): LOW MODERATE HIGH EXTREMELY HIGH 10. RISK DECISION AUTHORITY: CPT Greenwood Cdr B Co 2/66th Armor RANK/LAST NAME/DUTY POSITION							

Figure 1, Risk Management Worksheet (Risk Management, Force XXI Presentation Slides)
Microsoft Office Integrated Software Programs

Microsoft Office 97 has included an object model entitled Data Access Object (DAO) in its software programs. By including DAO as an object in Microsoft Office software packages such as Microsoft Excel 97, a spreadsheet program, and Microsoft Access 97, a database program, it gives programmers the capability of sharing information between the two programs by using Microsoft Visual Basic programming language (Wells and Harshbarger, 1997). By having this capability, users can record data on a spreadsheet

and retrieve additional information from a database, while continuing to work from the spreadsheet.

Military Related Software

Currently, there are analysis software packages available for division units. Some division units use a software package entitled OPLOGPLN '98 to solve logistical requirements. OPLOGPLN '98 is a computer-based program designed to assist logistics planners in calculating supply usage estimates in support of operations. It allows the logistician to calculate supply estimates by class of supply, specifically supply classes I, II, III (Bulk and Packaged), IV, V (Conventional and Bulk), VI, VII, VIII, and water. OPLOGPLN '98 is designed specifically to support operations typically associated with multi-phase operation plans (OPLAN) and operation orders (OPORD). This software enables personnel to develop operations orders as they forecast different requirements. OPLOGPLN '98 requires an IBM-compatible PC with an Intel 80386 processor or higher, 4 MB or more of RAM and at least 45 MB of free hard drive space (30 MB for installation, 10 MB for swap files and at least 5 MB for user files). OPLOGPLN '98 is a DOS-based program and will run under MS-DOS 3.3 or higher (MS-DOS 5.0 or higher recommended). It will also run as a DOS program under Windows 3.1, Windows 95 and Windows NT 4.0. OPLOGPLN '98 is distributed by CASCOM. A request for OPLOGPLN '98 can be made via the Internet (Combined Arms Support Command Home Page, http://www.cascom.army.mil/multi/operations logistics planner).

Another software package available in the division is the Military Application Program Package (MAPP). This software was developed in 1989; it is a DOS menu driven program that includes operational research software. MAPP provides users with

the capability of solving linear programming problems with 21 decision variables and 21 constraints. MAPP also includes linear regression analysis, movement planning, personnel status, and a decision matrix. MAPP requires IBM-compatible PC with an Intel 80286 processor or higher. The complete installation requires 7 KB of data space. The MAPP package assumes the user is familiar with operations research. MAPP is not distributed from any official military organization.

III. Methodology

Overview

This chapter discusses the approach taken to solve some of the problems identified during the research process. The problems discussed are: the transportation problem, risk management problem, fuel-point queuing network, dining facility wait line, and the shelf storage problem. The identified problems were solved using Microsoft Excel, Microsoft Access, and Microsoft Visual Basic. The objective of this chapter is to present the methods and software used in solving the identified problems.

Transportation Problem

A division consists of three maneuver brigades. Each maneuver brigade is assigned a forward support battalion (FSB). It is organized with a headquarters and headquarters detachment, a supply company, a maintenance company with designated system support teams, and a medical company. The FSB provides dedicated support to the same brigade in garrison and in tactical operations. Once deployed to the field, the FSB also provides area support to divisional elements operating in the brigade sector as well as brigade supporting elements such as artillery, air defense, and engineer assets (FM 71-123, Combat Service Support). While on a field exercise, a FSB may want to minimize the time required to deliver wood (Class IV), fuel (Class V), or spare parts (Class IV) to subordinate units. What routes should be selected? How many trips are necessary? This problem could be solved as a linear program by minimizing on the overall time of transporting class IV, class V, or IX supplies from supply nodes (FSB) to demand nodes (support units) across available routes. The transportation problem is designed as a ten-node supply and ten-node demand network

system where available routes may exist between different supply and demand nodes. The input parameters to the model will include route mileage, supply numbers, demand numbers, available vehicles at each supply node, vehicle load capacity, speed movement across routes, and units assigned to each supply and demand node. In addition, the design of the program has a feature that allows the user to put an upper and lower bound constraint on supply nodes (FSB). The design provides a visual representation of the available routes from supply nodes (FSB) to demand nodes (support units). In addition, the visual representation shows the routes selected, after the linear program model is solved.

The linear program (LP) is implemented using Microsoft Excel and solved by accessing the add-in solver through Microsoft Visual Basic. The result provides the planner with valuable information such as the time to deliver supplies on a route based on speed movement, the number of transport vehicles used over the optimal routes, the number trips required on the route, and the load amount delivered over the optimal routes.

Risk Management Problem

Human error, equipment malfunction, or environmental conditions can result in accidents. For fiscal year 1998, there were a total of 2,144 Army accidents, with a total of 171 fatalities as a result. In addition the total accident cost was \$182 million dollars (U.S. Army Safety Center Web Page, http://safety.army.mil). The lesson learned is that leaders must continue to include risk management in garrison and on training exercises in order to better protect the military force.

To assist planners and decision-makers in using risk management, an automated risk management worksheet would be a useful tool. This software reduces the amount of time to complete a risk management worksheet. In addition, the automated risk management

worksheet gives the decision-maker alternatives in interpreting overall risks for a given mission. The automated risk management worksheet is similar to the worksheet shown in Figure 1, Chapter 2. The automated worksheet is designed to allow users to retrieve requested information from a database file to an Excel worksheet through the database access object (DAO). If the information is not currently available in the database, the risk management program is designed to allow the user to update the database with new information by running a Visual Basic form. The Visual Basic form allows as a user to input data directly to a Microsoft Access database, without opening the Microsoft Access program. By linking a database to the risk management worksheet, this enables the planner to retrieve stored information rapidly on future generated worksheets.

Because different leaders may have different interpretations of overall risk, this worksheet is designed using three ways to calculate the overall risk level after control levels are implemented. The first approach in calculating the overall risk factor is for decision-makers that are concerned with the overall average of all risk factors for a given mission. The overall risk level is based on a low (L), moderate (M), high (H), or extremely high (EH) degree of risk for a given task. The overall risk is measured from an assigned baseline probability, which can be modified. Each risk factor is assigned a probability value. Low has a probability value of 0, moderate has a probability value of 0.3, high has a probability value of 0.7, and extremely high has a probability of 1. The risk factors are summed and averaged on the worksheet. The overall risk factor is determined by finding the minimal difference between the baseline probability values and the value of the averaged risk factors. For example, on a risk worksheet with two low (L) risk factors and three moderate (M) risk

factors assigned, the average is 0.18. Because the minimal distance is closer to the moderate (M) baseline value, the overall risk level is moderate (M).

The second approach in determining the overall risk level is for decision-makers to determine the mode of the risk factors for a given mission. In a given set of values, the mode is the most frequently occurring value. For example, on a risk worksheet with two <u>low</u> (L) risk factors and three <u>moderate</u> (M) risk factors assigned, the mode is <u>moderate</u> (M). Therefore, the overall risk level is assigned the value of <u>moderate</u> (M).

Finally, the third approach in determining the overall risk is for decision-makers that are concerned with the highest risk factor for a given mission. For example, on a risk worksheet with two <u>low</u> (L) risk factors, three <u>moderate</u> (M) risk factors, and one <u>high</u> (H) risk assigned, The overall risk level is <u>high</u> (H). A more conservative decision-maker would use this overall risk calculation. The conservative approach is the one apparently recommended by FM 100-14.

Fuel Service Problem

Long delays of vehicles in an assembly could cause logistical and scheduling problems. In addition, there is the safety issue if too many vehicles are overcrowded into one area. This problem is designed to assist planners in estimating how much time drivers spend waiting in line for service, the length of the fuel line, or the number of fuel operators required in a designated area such as an assembly area. Each queue is based on a first-in, first-out (FIFO) queuing discipline. The queue priority is assigned to the last fuel service position by the use of *IF* statements in Microsoft Excel. This queue priority is needed in order to break ties between fuel service positions with equal queue lengths. The arrival rate is based on a uniform distribution, and the service rate is based on a Poisson distribution. The user inputs

the arrival time of the drivers, the mean service time of the fuel service positions, the total simulation run time, and the number of service positions available. The user may select from one to seven fuel service positions. Twenty-five replications are conducted before the output results are displayed. The output results are based on the assigned priority queue. The output results provide the planner with the average wait time a single driver is expected to wait in line for fuel and a confidence interval on the average wait time.

The confidence interval provides information on the distribution of the twenty-five replications. Based on a normal distribution, the planner is provided with a 50% and a 95% confidence interval about the true mean. In addition, a 95% prediction interval, which provides the planner with information on the average wait time a driver, is expected to wait in line for service in the future. In addition, a histogram of the average waiting time is provided for the priority queue. The average waiting time is based on the priority queue. The output provides insight to the staff officer on the overall fuel operation in an assembly. Therefore, it gives the staff officer the opportunity to readjust his planning prior to executing a fuel operation. Based on the output, the staff officer may add or delete a fuel service position. The staff officer could adjust the arrival of vehicles to the assembly area, or he could adjust the service time for fuel service positions, especially if the results signify a long delay for drivers in the assembly area. For this simulation, the staff officer is able to acquire additional fuel operators, and the staff officer has sufficient fuel on hand. Finally, the staff officer has planned for an assembly area sufficient for drivers to wait in line for fuel service.

Dining Facility Problem

The problem is to model how long soldiers wait in line in a dining facility for service. The soldiers move through the line from server to server through the dining facility. The output results are determined by summing a soldier's wait time for service at each server position in line. The output results display a histogram for the average waiting time for soldiers and the total number of soldiers serviced in a dining facility. Based on the output results, the decision-maker could cease serving a particular food for a given period, add more servers, adjust dining facility hours, or shut down a dining facility. For example, if it is essential that a Brigade move through a dining facility quickly, the decision-maker might eliminate serving a specialty dish such as an omelet, which may take up to three minutes to serve. Instead, scrambled eggs are prepared, which take only seconds to serve. It is assumed that sufficient food is available at each service position and sufficient space for soldiers to wait in line for food. Because the queuing discipline is based on FIFO, it is assumed that soldiers cannot skip a service position while waiting in line.

Waiting time in a troop medical clinic (TMC)

The problem is to model how long soldiers or dependents wait to see medical personnel. It is assumed that the waiting area is adequate to hold all patients. Based on the output results, the decision-maker could require more medical personnel such as doctors, nurses, or physician-assistants to service patients.

Optimization storage problem

The objective is to minimize the total number of shelves required to store a given set of equipment. A solution to this type of problem provides the decision-maker with the number of shelves required storing equipment on a shelf, and it provides the number of items stored on each shelf. The solution does not provide detailed information on the exact placement of an item on a shelf.

This optimization problem is used to determine how to store different types of equipment in a given area of space. It is assumed that the equipment is in rectangular boxes. The model minimizes the number of shelves required to store boxes of varied dimensions. In addition, the model provides the user with the types of boxes stored on each shelf. The user will input the length, width, and height of the different types of boxes. Using visual basic macros, the boxes will be rearranged to the smallest two-dimensional "foot print" before the data is optimized. In addition, the maximal height separation is found for the shelves. This design uses the two-dimensional cutting stock code developed by Chang-on, Myung-Kee, and Hien-Taek, (1995) using the delayed column generation method. The code was augmented with Microsoft Excel and Visual Basic.

IV. Results

Overview

This chapter shows the output results from the software developed for the transportation problem, fuel service problem, dining facility problem, risk management worksheet, and optimization storage problem. The problems were solved by using Microsoft Excel, Microsoft Access, and Visual Basic. The designed software was evaluated by military personnel from the 3rd Infantry, Division, Fort Stewart, Georgia from 22 September – 25 September 1998. The military personnel provided useful comments about the designed software. Overall, the author received positive feedback on the software programs.

Transportation Problem

The transportation problem consists of a maximum ten-supply and ten-demand node network. The user controls the input parameters for the network by activating available macro buttons and input cells. First, the user initiates the routes available from the distribution centers (supply nodes) to the combat units (demand nodes) by clicking on the macro buttons, and the number of miles for each route as shown in Figure 2.

ROUTES	MILES	ROUTES	MILES	ROUTES	MILES	ROUTES	MILES	ROUTES	MILES
	1	l ⊒ `	32	4 ■ 1.5	4			2	444
- ALCHARITACH	<u> </u>	time in the second control of the	Ni State	and was removed the	89. sy.	a de la companya de La companya de la co		e or, as del overside	dente de la company
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	3		56		111			5	567
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The stress of an entering of	5	Total	11	an semple wilding		To a series of the series of t	,	7 -	10
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a to the second	111		777	7 ₁	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	`	9	14
	113		67		32			0	16
	12	marga, e ve e e empresagne :		1 □	3			1	17
			gant () Sight (Special						
	47		34	<u> </u>			1	2	18

Figure 2 Routes and Miles Input Sheet (partial snapshot)

Based on the routes selected from the input sheet, the transportation network illustrates the available routes as shown in Figure 3. The left side of the network represents the supply nodes and the right side of the network represents the demand nodes.

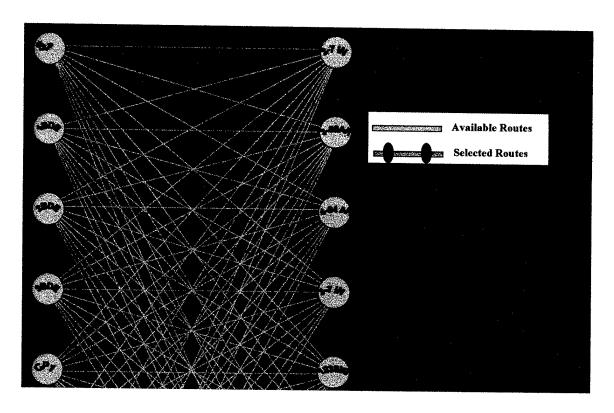


Figure 3 Transportation Network (partial snapshot)

The name of the unit, the amount of available supplies (supply nodes), the amount of demanded supplies (demand nodes), the rate of travel of vehicles over routes, the number of vehicles available at each supply node, and the capacity of vehicles are entered on the input worksheet as shown in Figure 4.

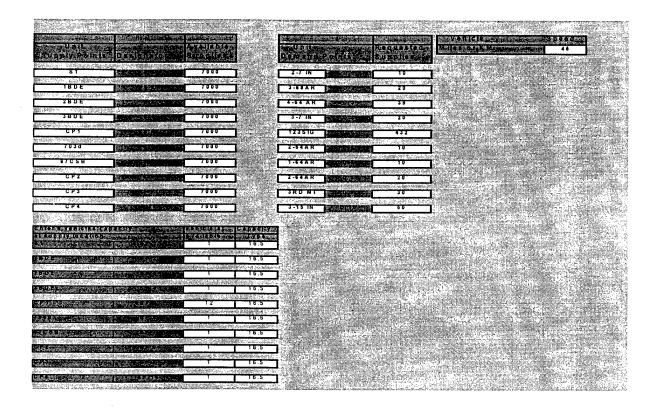


Figure 4 Supply, Demand, Vehicle, and Capacity Input Sheet

Once optimized, the optimal routes for delivering supplies to demand nodes are shown in Figure 5. The total time (in minutes) to deliver equipment from a supply node to a demand node, the total load required at a demand node, the capacity sum of vehicles transporting goods to a demand node, the total deliveries, and the mileage from a supply node to a demand node is shown in Figure 6. For example, the first line of the table shows supply node S1 will deliver 10 tons of supplies to 2-7 IN in 1.3 minutes. It will take one trip and one transport vehicle (16.5 tons) to meet the demands for 2-7 IN.

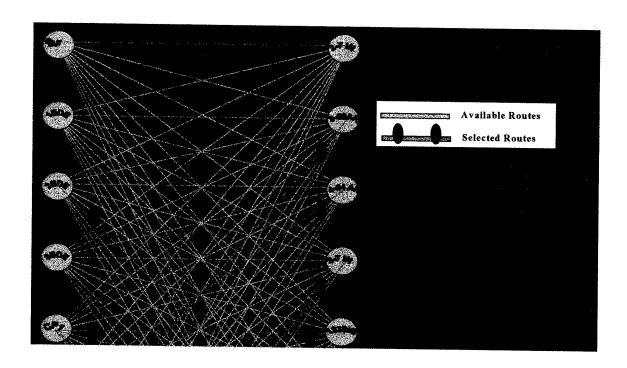


Figure 5 Optimal Routes Selected

Total Route	Time In	ime in Delivery Supplies to I Load			Capacity	Per Route	Miles on	
min)					n of available vehic		Route	
1.3	S1	ТО	2-7 IN	10	16.5	1	1	
0	S1	ТО	3-69AR	0	16.5	0	1 3	
0	S1	TO	4-64 AR	0	16.5	0	3	
0	S1	TO	3-7 IN	0	16.5	0	4	
0	S1	TO	123SIG	0	16.5	0	5	
0	S1	TO	2-54AR	0	16.5	0	6	
0	S1	TO	1-64AR	0	16.5	0	111	
0	S1	TO	2-64AR	0	16.5	0	113	
0	S1	TO	3RD MI	0	16.5	0	12	
0	S1	TO	3-15 IN	0	16.5	0	47	
0	1BDE	TO	2-7 IN	0	16.5	0	32	
0	1BDE	ТО	3-69AR	0	16.5	0	11	
0	1BDE	TO	4-64 AR	0	16.5	0	56	
0	1BDE	TO	3-7 IN	0	16.5	0	90	
0	1BDE	TO	123SIG	0	16.5	0	11	
0	1BDE	TO	2-54AR	0	16.5	0	777	
0	1BDE	TO	1-64AR	0	16.5	0	777	
0	1BDE	TO	2-64AR	0	16.5	0	67	
0	1BDE	ТО	3RD MI	0	16.5	0	55	
0	1BDE	TO	3-15 IN	0	16.5	0	34	
0	2BDE	TO	2-7 IN	0	16.5	0		
0	2BDE	ТО	3-69AR	0	16.5	0	2	
0	2BDE		4-64 AR	0	16.5	0	111	
0	2BDE		3-7 IN	0	16.5	0		
0	2BDE	TO	123SIG	0	16.5		23	
0	2BDE		2-54AR	0	16.5	0	1 1	
1.3	2BDE	TO	1-64AR	10		0	19	
	1-27-	10	77440-1	10	16.5	1	1	

Figure 6 Output Table

29

. After evaluating the information in the table, the user may want a specific supply node to deliver an amount of goods. This option is available by changing the parameters as noted in Figure 7. The parameters show a minimum and maximum requirement for each supply node. Once these parameters are changed, the problem must be resolved.

(Minimum Requirement Supply Usage									
5	4	P	24 0 - 72						
1BDE	4	•	# C						
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SEDE	4	, k	0.34						
CP1 at the	4	F	E seed a Charles						
703d 🕶 👢	4	•	War Olympia						
B7CSB	4	•	100 LO 100						
CP2			pe. 0 235						
CP3 New		S. L. Barrier	0						
CP4 • • •	1	1	2000						

((Maximum Requirement) Supply Usage								
5	4	•							
(130E	4	•	3400000						
인터DE	4	•	100000						
ডা : DE	4	,	100000						
GP/Innexage	4	•	* 3100 <u>000</u> -						
7036	• •	•	* 44 00000						
B7CSB_	4	•	99999						
OP2	4	•	# 100000						
CFS SAME	74		** *100000						
(6):24	•	,	s 100000 k						

Figure 7 Supply Usage Options

CW2 Ramsey, a supply system technician, assigned to the HHC 24th CSG, stated that his organization could use the program. He states the program is useful for finding the best resupply points to deliver goods to demand nodes. He states the program is excellent for transportation or fuel operations in a tactical environment. In addition, he states the program is good for military operations requiring the distribution of supplies to combat units.

MAJ Roach, a G-4 Division plans/operations officer, assigned to 3rd Infantry Division stated that the program would be very useful for units moving large quantities of supplies over different routes. He states the program is ideal for a transportation unit. In addition, he stated this problem could be used to transport bulk fuel from supply to demand nodes.

Fuel Service Problem

The software enables a planner to manage the operations of a fueling operation in an assembly area. The planner inputs the mean arrival time for fuel, service time for each fuel position, and the total simulation time as shown in Figure 8. Currently, the worksheet shows four fuel service positions available, with each position having a service time of five minutes. In addition, it shows a arrives every two minutes on average. The total simulation time for this problem is one hundred and twenty minutes.

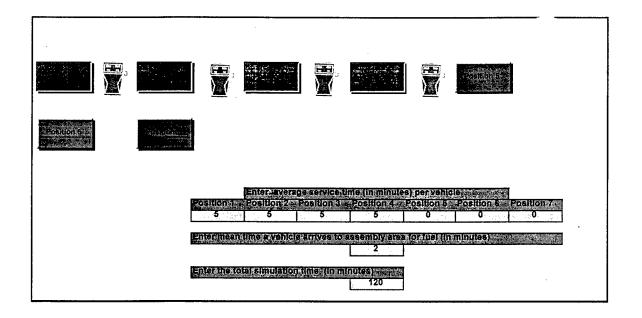
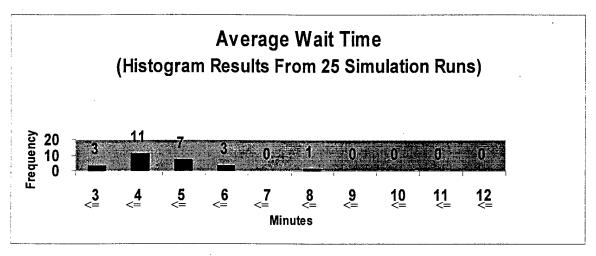


Figure 8 Fuel Service Input

After running the simulation for twenty-five replications, the output provides the decision-maker with valuable information about the system being modeled: the sample mean (average wait time in queue) a driver is expected to wait in line for fuel, a standard deviation of the sample mean (average wait time in queue), a 50% and 95% confidence interval of driver's waiting time, and a 95% prediction confidence interval, if this fuel operation with the same input parameters were repeated in the future. It also provides the

decision-maker with information on the minimum value and maximum value of the sample mean (average wait time in queue) of the simulation run. The histogram from the twenty-five replications is shown in Figure 9. For example, 11 of 25 runs are less than or equal to 4 minutes but greater than 3 minutes. The minimum wait time for each driver is 2.43 minutes, and the maximum wait time is 7.09 minutes. The mean (average wait time in the queue) is 4.08 minutes. The 95% confidence interval is 3.65 minutes to 4.51 minutes.



Max Value	7.09	minutes	Min Value	2,43	minutes	minutes
Mean(Averag	je Wait Time) a	driver waits	in line for se	rvice	4.08	minutes
Variance (Av	erage Wait Tim	e) a driver wa	aits in line be	efore receiving service	1.08	minutes
Standard De	viation (Averag	e Wait Time)	a driver wait	s in line before receiving service	1.04	minutes
3.94	minutes to	4.22	minutes	is a 50% confidence interval		
3.65	minutes to	4.51	minutes	is a 95% confidence interval		
1.89	minutes to	6.27	minutes is	a 95% prediction interval a driver e	expects to wait for service in	the future

Figure 9 Fuel Service Histogram (Wait Time)

CW2 Ramsey suggested that the fuel service program is appropriate for the 24th CSG since they have a fuel and water battalion. Also, CPT Doug Henry, 2nd Brigade Assistant S-4, 3rd Infantry Division stated the fuel service program could be a valuable tool in determining the proper assets required in establishing a Refuel On the Move (ROM) for Army ground operations. In addition, he stated movement control officers (MCO) within a logistics section could utilize this program to adjust march unit intervals to avoid an extensive wait time at a ROM assembly area.

CPT John Hinson, 1st Brigade Assistant S-4, 3rd Infantry Division was impressed with the fuel program because it could be utilized by the planner within the division to effectively manage resources. He stated the fuel program is more useful in a main or forward support battalion because they have more fuel assets assigned to their organization.

Dining Facility Problem

The dining facility problem provides insight on the operations of a dining facility. The input parameters are shown in Figure 10 is the sheet used to input the arrival time for soldiers to a dining facility, service time for each server position, and the total simulation time. Currently, the worksheet shows four dining facility servers with a soldier arriving on average every 12 seconds, and a service time of 12 seconds for each service position. The total simulation time for the model is 60 minutes.

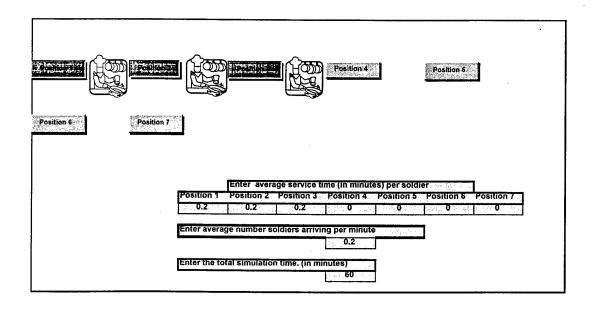
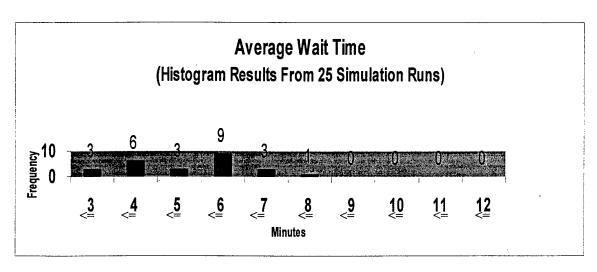


Figure 10 Dining Facility Input

After running the simulation for twenty-five replications, the output provides the decision-maker with valuable information about the system being modeled. The output result provides the decision-maker with the mean (average wait time in queue) a soldier is expected to wait in line for food. It provides the decision-maker with a standard deviation of the mean (average wait time in queue). It provides the decision-maker with a 50% and 95% confidence interval for the time a soldier waits in line for food. Finally, it provides the decision-maker with information on the minimum value and maximum value of the simulation run.

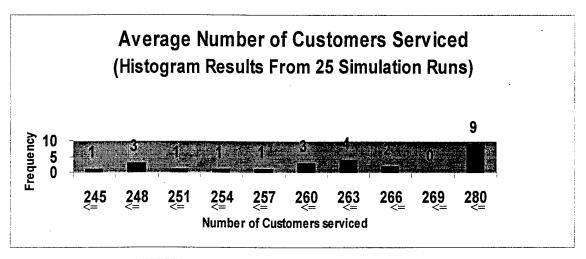
Figure 11 shows the histogram from the twenty-five replications. For example, 3 of 25 runs show the average wait time for soldier's waiting in line for food is less than 3 minutes. The minimum wait time from the twenty-five replications is 2.46 minutes, and the maximum wait time is 9.6 minutes. The mean (average wait time in the queue) is 5.75 minutes. Finally, the 95% confidence interval of the wait time falls between 4.12 minutes and 5.3 minutes.



Max Value 7.92 minutes Min Valu 2.37	minutes	minutes	
Sample Mean(Average Wait Time) a driver waits in line for service	4.71	minutes	
Variance (Average Wait Time) a driver waits in line before receiving service	2.07	minutes	
Standard Deviation (Average Wait Time) a driver waits in line before receiving	1.44	minutes	
4.42 minutes to 5 minutes is a 50% confidence interval			ar
4.12 minutes to 5.3 minutes is a 95% confidence interval			
3.24 minutes to 6.18 minutes is a 95% prediction interval a driver ex	pects to	wait for	service in the future

Figure 11 Dining Facility Histogram (Wait Time)

Additional information about the number of customers serviced is shown in Figure 12. For example, 1 of 25 runs show the average number of soldiers serviced in the dining facility is less than or equal to 245 soldiers. The minimum number serviced is 245 soldiers, and the maximum number serviced is 280 soldiers. The mean (number of customer serviced) is 262 soldiers. Finally, a 95% confidence interval shows the number serviced fall between 258 soldiers and 267 soldiers. This program was not evaluated during the visit to Fort Stewart, Georgia. However, the features are similar to the fuel program.



Max Value 280 customers Min Valu 24	5 customers	customers
Mean(Number of customers serviced)	262.68	customers
Variance (Number of customers serviced)	- 전투 대표 109.98 - 교육 : 기본	customers
Standard Deviation (Number of customers serviced)	10.49	customers
261.24 customers 264.12 customers is a 50% confi	dence interval	
258.35 customers 267.01 customers is a 95% confi	dence interval	
240.61 customers 284.75 customers is a 95% prediction	iction confidence interval (futu	аге)

Figure 12 Dining Facility Histogram (Serviced)

Automated Risk Management Sheet

A blank automated risk management worksheet is shown in Figure 13. The features on this worksheet are similar to the risk management sheet discussed in Chapter II under risk management. The additional features on this worksheet are the macro buttons, which are used to initialize, clear, and calculate the risk factors on the worksheet.

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	Clear - Transactions Hazar				MOUNT PLANT
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Double click on space to enter text	¥	¥			¥
Double click on space to enter text		¥	*		. 9

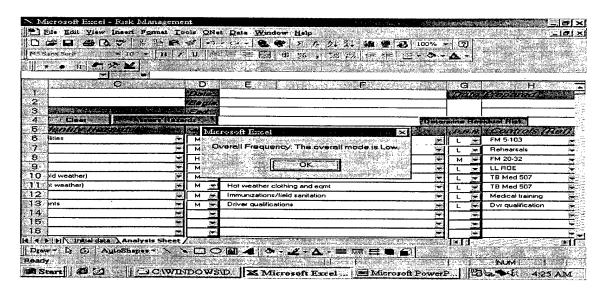
Figure 13 Risk Management Worksheet (blank)

Figure 14 shows the risk management worksheet with information.

Mission of Tasks		Da	le.			Da	e l	repared.
		3	jn;					
Prepared By: * *** ***	A STATE OF THE STA	En	le i					,
	Gleat . Gleat . Gleat Haz	agt)		Ū	ebr	nine	Re	sidual Risk
Task	oentity Hazards	-4.	Ä.	Develop Controls		D.R.	R.	Controls (Ref)
Occupy area of operations	Assault on facilities	М	1	Identify and isolate combatants	٧	ι		FM 5-103
Occupy area of operations	Ambush	v M	7	Kevlar helmets and flak jackets	y	L		Rehearsals 🕌
Occupy area of operations	Mines	H	•	Countermine plan awarenes		М		FM 20-32
Occupy area of operations	Fratricide	M		Identify friend/foe	्	L		LL ROE 💃
Occupy area of operations	Season risk(cold weather)	y M	7	Cold weather clothing and eqrit	¥	L		TB Med 507
Occupy area of operations	Season risk(hot weather)	M	1	Hot weather clothing and eqmt	*	L		TB Med 507
Occupy area of operations	Disease	M	7	Immunizations/ field sanitation	Ţ	L		Medical training 💂
Occupy area of operations	Vehicle accidents	M		Driver qualifications	¥	L		Dvr qualification 🗣

Figure 14 Risk Management Worksheet (with data)

Once the information is complete, the overall risk factors are calculated as described in the methodology in Chapter III. The output for each overall risk factor is shown in Figure 15, Figure 16, and Figure 17.



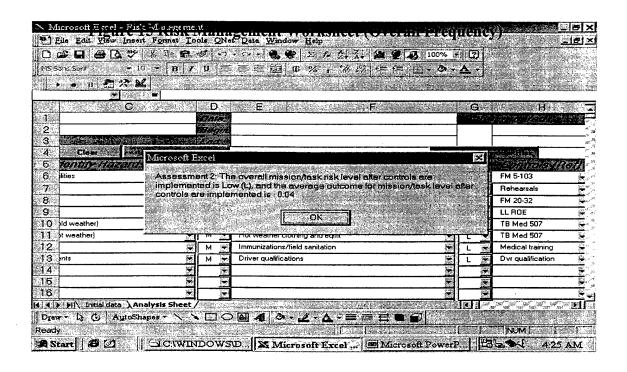


Figure 16 Risk Management Worksheet (Average)

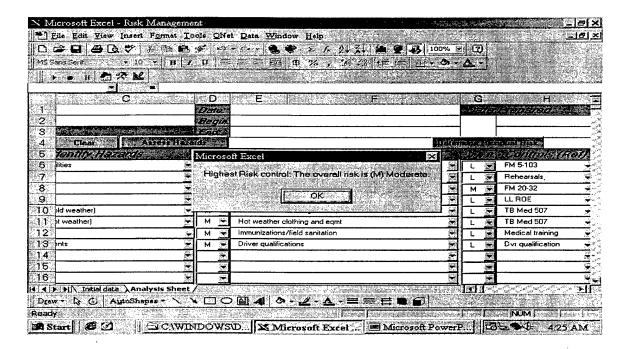


Figure 17 Risk Management Worksheet (Highest)

CPT Phillip McDonald, Assistant S-3, 123d Signal Battalion, stated the risk management program was very easy to use and comparable to the manual from FM 100-

14. He suggested the program could be used as a supplement in a risk management course. He noted the only draw back to the program was the dependency of a computer to run the program.

Optimization Storage Problem

The input sheet for the storage problem is shown in Figure 18. The input sheet requires an item name, item length, item width, item height, item quantity, storage length, and storage width. For example, item 1 has a length of 5 and a width of 5. The quantity demanded is 20 for item 1. Once the sheet is calculated, the maximum height of a storage shelf is displayed. In this example, the shelf height is 5.

tem a react	es; tem ::	Item 🧀	. Item //	4 ops item	THE RESTRICTION OF STREET
Name at the	s a Kenglin	Width	Height	Quantity	
1	5 -	5	5	20	TO BEEN SEEDING OF THE
2	4	1	2	20	
3 .	3	1	1	20	Single State (1984)
. 4	2	1	1	20	
5	7	6	2	20	
6	8	1	3	20	
7	9	3	4	20	an er er gan a 10 0 geramaging sy
8	10	1	4	20	

					10
					100 may a 100 may an a
		1			8 45 645.6 15.
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

Figure 18 Storage Problem

In addition, the result gives information on which items are stored on each shelf and the number of shelves required. For example, the worksheet shows item 6, with an 8 x 1 dimension requires shelf space for twenty boxes. The pattern(s) with 8 x 1 are highlighted. Pattern 3 shows ten 8 x 1 dimensions will fit on 1 shelf. Pattern 4 shows

one 8 x 1 dimension will fit on 1 shelf. Pattern 5 shows one 8 x 1 dimension will fit on each of the fifteen shelves for this pattern. Because of rounding, the results may overestimate the requirement, slightly. In this example, there was a requirement to place twenty 8 x 1 items on shelves. The program found a solution to place twenty-six, 8 x 1 items on shelves. Each storage shelf is of a 10 x 10 dimension. Twenty-eight storage shelves are needed to meet the total requirement for all items as noted in Figure 18.

**** Optimal configuration Pattern ****

Pattern (1)

Storage rectangle with a 10 * 10 dimension.

The number of storage shelves required for this pattern is 5.

Maximum number of item(s) with a 5 * 5 dimension per storage shelf is 4.

Pattern (2)

Storage rectangle with a 10 * 10 dimension.

The number of storage shelves required for this pattern is 2.

Maximum number of item(s) with a 4 * 1 dimension per storage shelf is 8.

Maximum number of item(s) with a 3 * 1 dimension per storage shelf is 6.

Maximum number of item(s) with a 7 * 6 dimension per storage shelf is 1.

Pattern (3)

Storage rectangle with a 10 * 10 dimension.

The number of storage shelves required for this pattern is 1.

Maximum number of item(s) with a 2 * 1 dimension per storage shelf is 10.

Maximum number of item(s) with an 8 *1 dimension per storage shelf is 10.

Pattern (4)

Storage rectangle with a 10 * 10 dimension.

The number of storage shelves required for this pattern is 1.

Maximum number of item(s) with a 3 * 1 dimension per storage shelf is 6.

Maximum number of item(s) with a 2 * 1 dimension per storage shelf is 1.

Maximum number of item(s) with a 7 * 6 dimension per storage shelf is 1.

Maximum number of item(s) with an 8 * 1 dimension per storage shelf is 1.

Maximum number of item(s) with a 9 * 3 dimension per storage shelf is 1.

Pattern (5)

Storage rectangle with a 10 * 10 dimension.

The number of storage shelves required for this pattern is 15.

Maximum number of item(s) with a 7 * 6 dimension per storage shelf is 1.

Maximum number of item(s) with an 8 * 1 dimension per storage shelf is 1.

Maximum number of item(s) with a 9 * 3 dimension per storage shelf is 1.

Pattern (6)

Storage rectangle with a 10 * 10 dimension.

The number of storage shelves required for this pattern is 1.

Maximum number of item(s) with a 4 * 1 dimension per storage shelf is 2.

Maximum number of item(s) with a 2 * 1 dimension per storage shelf is 7.

Maximum number of item(s) with a 7 * 6 dimension per storage shelf is 1.

Maximum number of item(s) with a 9 * 3 dimension per storage shelf is 1.

Pattern (7)

Storage rectangle with a 10 * 10 dimension.

The number of storage shelves required for this pattern is 1.

Maximum number of item(s) with a 4 * 1 dimension per storage shelf is 2.

Maximum number of item(s) with a 9 * 3 dimension per storage shelf is 3.

Pattern (8)

Storage rectangle with a 10 * 10 dimension.

The number of storage shelves required for this pattern is 2.

Maximum number of item(s) with a 10 * 1 dimension per storage shelf is 10.

No more than 28 shelves are required.

V. Conclusion

Summary

During this research process, a number of operational problems were encountered in Army divisions. After researching the problems, the appropriate operations research techniques were used to solve the problems discussed during this research.

The problems solved were the transportation problem, fuel service problem, dining facility problem, risk management worksheet, and optimization problem. By allowing military personnel to evaluate the programs, it exposed them to the benefits of using operations research in their daily operations, and it allowed personnel to provide feedback on the usefulness of the developed programs. However, to fine-tune any additional changes in the software, more trials should be conducted in other Army divisions.

By using Microsoft Visual Basic, Microsoft Excel, and Microsoft Access, the distribution of the software is very feasible and cost effective, since a majority of the Army units have Microsoft Office products. Copies of the operations research software package should be sent directly to the division G-3, operations section and the division G-4, logistics section. The sections can distribute the copies to logistic support battalions and battalion operations sections within the division.

Recommendations

The idea of solving problems for divisions should continue for future research projects. There is a variety of unsolved operational problems such as traffic planning on Army installations, range scheduling, or budget management issues. This software package is a valuable tool for decision-makers and planners as they plan and execute

daily missions. As an enhancement to this research, the operations research software could be moved to different software platform such as java programming, which could be integrated on a web page.

VI. Visual Basic Code

This routine activates the user form under Visual Basic Application for Microsoft Excel.

Sub Distro() Distribution.Show End Sub

The following six subroutines are the button selections appearing on the user form when activated.

This subroutine makes the supply and demand worksheet the activate sheet under Microsoft Excel. After activating sheet, the user form selections is unloaded.

Private Sub CommandButton7_Click()
SupplyD
Unload Distribution
End Sub

This subroutine makes the option worksheet the activate sheet under Microsoft Excel. After activating sheet, the user form selections is unloaded.

Private Sub CommandButton13_Click()
Options
Unload Distribution
End Sub

This subroutine makes the table worksheet the activate sheet under Microsoft Excel. After activating sheet, the user form selections is unloaded.

Private Sub CommandButton6_Click()
Table
Unload Distribution
End Sub

This subroutine makes the route worksheet the activate sheet under Microsoft Excel. After activating sheet, the user form selections is unloaded.

OptimalRoutes Unload Distribution End Sub

This routine updates any changes made under the options, S&D, and input worksheet, before making a call to the solve routine.

Private Sub CommandButton4_Click()

max min

```
miles
SandP
For I = 5 To 104
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(I, 1) = 0
Next I
Solve
Unload Distribution
End Sub
This subroutine activates the Net subroutine. After updating the sheet, the user form
selections is unloaded.
Private Sub CommandButton3 Click()
Unload Distribution
End Sub
This subroutine initializes solver and loads the transportation problem, based on the
settings calculated. After loading the problem, the user form is unloaded.
Private Sub CommandButton8 Click()
SolverReset
Worksheets("Engine").Select
init = 5
x = 5
y = 1
While Cells(x, y) \Leftrightarrow ""
x = x + 1
'MsgBox "Numbers: " & x
Wend
SolverOK SetCell:=Range("Time"),
MaxMinVal:=2,
ByChange:=Range(Cells(init, y), Cells(x - 1, y))
SolverAdd CellRef:=Range("$A$5:$A$104"),
Relation:=3,
FormulaText:=0
SolverAdd CellRef:=Range("$I$112:$R$112"),
Relation:=1,__
FormulaText:="$I$114:$R$114"
```

SolverAdd CellRef:=Range("\$S\$112:\$AB\$112"),

Relation:=2,

FormulaText:="\$\$\$114:\$AB\$114"

```
SolverAdd CellRef:=Range("$A$231"), _
Relation:=3.
FormulaText:=("$A$232")
SolverAdd CellRef:=Range("$B$231"),
Relation:=3,
FormulaText:=("$B$232")
SolverAdd CellRef:=Range("$C$231"),
Relation:=3,
FormulaText:=("$C$232")
SolverAdd CellRef:=Range("$D$231"),
Relation:=3,
FormulaText:=("$D$232")
SolverAdd CellRef:=Range("$E$231"),
Relation:=3,
FormulaText:=("$E$232")
SolverAdd CellRef:=Range("$F$231"),
Relation:=3,
FormulaText:=("$F$232")
SolverAdd CellRef:=Range("$G$231"),
Relation:=3,
FormulaText:=("$G$232")
SolverAdd CellRef:=Range("$H$231"),
Relation:=3,
FormulaText:=("$H$232")
SolverAdd CellRef:=Range("$I$231"),
Relation:=3,
FormulaText:=("$I$232")
SolverAdd CellRef:=Range("$J$231"),
Relation:=3,
FormulaText:=("$J$232")
SolverAdd CellRef:=Range("$A$231"),
Relation:=1,
FormulaText:=("$A$233")
SolverAdd CellRef:=Range("$B$231"),
Relation:=1,
FormulaText:=("$B$233")
SolverAdd CellRef:=Range("$C$231"),
Relation:=1,
FormulaText:=("$C$233")
SolverAdd CellRef:=Range("$D$231"),
Relation:=1,
FormulaText:=("$D$233")
```

```
SolverAdd CellRef:=Range("$E$231"),
Relation:=1,
FormulaText:=("$E$233")
SolverAdd CellRef:=Range("$F$231"),
Relation:=1,
FormulaText:=("$F$233")
SolverAdd CellRef:=Range("$G$231"),
Relation:=1, _
FormulaText:=("$G$233")
SolverAdd CellRef:=Range("$H$231"),
Relation:=1,
FormulaText:=("$H$233")
SolverAdd CellRef:=Range("$I$231"),
Relation:=1, _
FormulaText:=("$I$233")
SolverAdd CellRef:=Range("$J$231"),
Relation:=1,_
FormulaText:=("$J$233")
SolverOptions AssumeLinear:=True
SolverOptions Derivatives:=1
SolverOptions SearchOption:=1
SolverOptions Estimates:=1
SolverOptions MaxTime:=32767
SolverOptions Iterations:=32767
SolverOptions Precision:=0.0000001,
Convergence:=0.001
Unload Distribution
End Sub
This routine selects the worksheets("Options") as the activate sheet.
Sub Options()
Worksheets("Options").Select
End Sub
This routine selects the worksheets("SD") as the activate sheet.
Sub SupplyD()
Worksheets("SD").Select
End Sub
```

This routine copies the solved results from one worksheet to another.

```
Sub Table()
Sheets("Engine").Select
Range("A112:D213").Select
Selection.Copy
Sheets("Solved Table").Select
Range("A1").Select
Selection.PasteSpecial Paste:=xlValues, Operation:=xlNone, SkipBlanks:=_False, Transpose:=False
Range("$A$2").Select
End Sub
```

This routines makes the worksheet "Route" the active worksheet and activates the routine legend.

Sub OptimalRoutes()
Worksheets("Routes").Select
legend
Range("A2").Select
End Sub

This routine adds a legend to the routes worksheet.

Sub legend()
Sheets("Engine").Select
ActiveSheet.Shapes("Group 29").Select
Selection.Copy
Sheets("Routes").Select
Range("H8").Select
ActiveSheet.Paste
End Sub

This routine updates the upper bound values selected under the options worksheet to the worksheet engine.

```
Sub max()
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(233, 1) = Worksheets("Options").Cells(3, 9)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(233, 2) = Worksheets("Options").Cells(4, 9)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(233, 3) = Worksheets("Options").Cells(5, 9)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(233, 4) = Worksheets("Options").Cells(6, 9)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(233, 5) = Worksheets("Options").Cells(7, 9)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(233, 6) = Worksheets("Options").Cells(8, 9)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(233, 7) = Worksheets("Options").Cells(9, 9)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(233, 8) = Worksheets("Options").Cells(10, 9)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(233, 9) = Worksheets("Options").Cells(11, 9)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(233, 10) = Worksheets("Options").Cells(12, 9)
```

End Sub

This routine updates the lower bound values selected under the options worksheet to the worksheet engine.

```
Sub min()
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(232, 1) = Worksheets("Options").Cells(3, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(232, 2) = Worksheets("Options").Cells(4, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(232, 3) = Worksheets("Options").Cells(5, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(232, 4) = Worksheets("Options").Cells(6, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(232, 5) = Worksheets("Options").Cells(7, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(232, 6) = Worksheets("Options").Cells(8, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(232, 7) = Worksheets("Options").Cells(9, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(232, 8) = Worksheets("Options").Cells(10, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(232, 9) = Worksheets("Options").Cells(11, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(232, 10) = Worksheets("Options").Cells(12, 3)
End Sub
```

This routine updates miles values selected under the input worksheet to the worksheet engine.

```
Sub miles()
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(5, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(2, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(6, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(4, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(7, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(6, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(8, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(8, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(9, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(10, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(10, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(12, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(11, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(14, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(12, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(16, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(13, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(18, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(14, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(20, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(15, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(2, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(16, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(4, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(17, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(6, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(18, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(8, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(19, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(10, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(20, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(12, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(21, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(14, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(22, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(16, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(23, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(18, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(24, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(20, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(25, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(2, 10)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(26, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(4, 10)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(27, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(6, 10)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(28, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(8, 10)
```

```
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(29, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(10, 10)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(30, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(12, 10)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(31, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(14, 10)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(32, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(16, 10)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(33, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(18, 10)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(34, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(20, 10)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(35, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(2, 13)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(36, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(4, 13)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(37, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(6, 13)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(38, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(8, 13)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(39, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(10, 13)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(40, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(12, 13)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(41, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(14, 13)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(42, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(16, 13)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(43, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(18, 13)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(44, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(20, 13)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(45, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(2, 16)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(46, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(4, 16)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(47, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(6, 16)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(48, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(8, 16)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(49, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(10, 16)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(50, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(12, 16)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(51, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(14, 16)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(52, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(16, 16)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(53, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(18, 16)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(54, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(20, 16)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(55, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(23, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(56, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(25, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(57, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(27, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(58, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(29, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(59, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(31, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(60, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(33, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(61, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(35, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(62, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(37, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(63, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(39, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(64, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(41, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(65, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(23, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(66, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(25, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(67, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(27, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(68, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(29, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(69, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(31, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(70, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(33, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(71, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(35, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(72, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(37, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(73, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(39, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(74, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(41, 7)
```

```
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(75, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(23, 10)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(76, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(25, 10)
Worksheets("Engine"). Cells(77, 4) = Worksheets("Input"). Cells(27, 10)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(78, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(29, 10)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(79, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(31, 10)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(80, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(33, 10)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(81, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(35, 10)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(82, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(37, 10)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(83, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(39, 10)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(84, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(41, 10)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(85, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(23, 13)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(86, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(25, 13)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(87, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(27, 13)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(88, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(29, 13)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(89, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(31, 13)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(90, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(33, 13)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(91, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(35, 13)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(92, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(37, 13)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(93, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(39, 13)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(94, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(41, 13)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(95, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(23, 16)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(96, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(25, 16)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(97, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(27, 16)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(98, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(29, 16)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(99, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(31, 16)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(100, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(33, 16)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(101, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(35, 16)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(102, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(37, 16)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(103, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(39, 16)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(104, 4) = Worksheets("Input").Cells(41, 16)
End Sub
```

This routine updates the supply and demand values selected under the SD worksheet to the worksheet engine.

```
Sub SandP()
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(114, 9) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(7, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(114, 10) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(9, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(114, 11) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(11, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(114, 12) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(13, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(114, 13) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(15, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(114, 14) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(17, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(114, 15) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(19, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(114, 16) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(21, 3)
```

```
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(114, 17) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(23, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(114, 18) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(25, 3)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(114, 19) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(7, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(114, 20) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(9, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(114, 21) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(11, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(114, 22) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(13, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(114, 23) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(15, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(114, 24) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(17, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(114, 25) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(19, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(114, 26) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(21, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(114, 27) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(23, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(114, 28) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(25, 7)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(5, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(6, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(7, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(8, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(9, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine"). Cells(10, 2) = Worksheets("SD"). Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(11, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(12, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(13, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(14, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(15, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(16, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine"). Cells(17, 2) = Worksheets("SD"). Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine"). Cells(18, 2) = Worksheets("SD"). Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(19, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(20, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(21, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine"). Cells(22, 2) = Worksheets("SD"). Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(23, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(24, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(25, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(26, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(27, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(28, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(29, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(30, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(31, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(32, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(33, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(34, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(36, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(37, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(38, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(39, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
```

```
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(40, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(41, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(42, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(43, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(44, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(45, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(46, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(47, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(48, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(49, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(50, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(51, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(52, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(53, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(54, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(55, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(56, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(57, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(58, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine"). Cells(59, 2) = Worksheets("SD"). Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine"). Cells(60, 2) = Worksheets("SD"). Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(61, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(62, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(63, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(64, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(65, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(66, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(67, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine"). Cells(68, 2) = Worksheets("SD"). Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(69, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(70, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine"). Cells(71, 2) = Worksheets("SD"). Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine"). Cells(72, 2) = Worksheets("SD"). Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(73, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(74, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(75, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine"). Cells(76, 2) = Worksheets("SD"). Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine"). Cells(77, 2) = Worksheets("SD"). Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(78, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(79, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(80, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(81, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(82, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(83, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine"). Cells(84, 2) = Worksheets("SD"). Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(85, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
```

```
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(86, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(87, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(88, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(89, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(90, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(91, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(92, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(93, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(94, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(95, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(96, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(97, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(98, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(99, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(100, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(101, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(102, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(103, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(104, 2) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(6, 11)
Worksheets("Engine").Cells(110, 1) = Worksheets("SD").Cells(4, 11)
End Sub
This routine copies information from the solved worksheet engine to the worksheet table.
Sub Table2()
Range("A3:D104").Select
Selection.Copy
Sheets("Solved Table").Select
Range("H1").Select
Selection.PasteSpecial Paste:=xlValues, Operation:=xlNone, SkipBlanks:=_
False, Transpose:=False
Range("A1").Select
End Sub
This routine copies information from the solved worksheet engine to the worksheet table.
Sub Table3()
Sheets("Engine").Select
Range("A5:A104").Select
Selection.Copy
Sheets("Solved Table").Select
Range("H3").Select
Selection.PasteSpecial Paste:=xlValues, Operation:=xlNone, SkipBlanks:=
False, Transpose:=False
Sheets("Engine").Select
Range("A2").Select
```

End Sub

This routine updates the route worksheet based on the changes made on the input worksheet.

Sub Net()
miles
SandP
Application.DisplayAlerts = False
Worksheets("Routes").Delete
Set NewSheet = Worksheets.Add
NewSheet.Name = "Routes"
Worksheets("Routes").Move
after:=Worksheets("Input")
back
MakeCircles
legend
Range("A2").Select

This routine uses the Microsoft Solver Add-in to minimize the inputted values from the engine worksheet and activates the table subroutines. Before exiting this routine, the active worksheet is table.

Sub Solve()
Range("A2").Select
SandP
miles

ReDim Data9(250)

End Sub

Worksheets("Engine").Select

SolverSolve UserFinish:=False

Dim mySheet As Worksheet
Dim myshape As Shape
Set mySheet = Worksheets("Routes")
Dim Data30() As Variant
ReDim Data30(250)
Dim Data20() As Variant
ReDim Data20(250)
Dim Data21() As Variant
ReDim Data21(250)
Dim Data22() As Variant
ReDim Data22(250)
Dim Data23() As Variant
ReDim Data23() As Variant
ReDim Data23() As Variant
ReDim Data23() As Variant
ReDim Data29() As Variant

```
Dim Data10() As Variant
ReDim Data10(250)
Dim t
x = 5
y = 1
While Cells(x, y) \Leftrightarrow ""
Data30(x) = Worksheets("Engine").Cells(x, y)
'MsgBox "Carry values are" & Data30(x)
x = x + 1 'Increment Counter.
Wend
x = 5
y = 7
t = 0
While Worksheets("Engine"). Cells(x, y) \Leftrightarrow ""
Data10(x) = Worksheets("Engine").Cells(x, y)
If Data10(x) >= t Then
t = Data10(x)
'MsgBox "Total Destination nodes: " & T / 10
'MsgBox "Destination node: " & Data9(x)
x = x + 1 'Increment Counter.
Wend
x = 1
y = 67
While Worksheets("Engine"). Cells(x, y) \Leftrightarrow ""
Data20(x) = Worksheets("Engine").Cells(x, y)
'MsgBox "Destination node: " & Data20(x)
x = x + 1 'Increment Counter.
Wend
x = 1
y = 68
While Worksheets("Engine"). Cells(x, y) \Leftrightarrow ""
Data21(x) = Worksheets("Engine").Cells(x, y)
x = x + 1 'Increment Counter.
Wend
x = 1
y = 69
While Worksheets("Engine"). Cells(x, y) \Leftrightarrow ""
Data22(x) = Worksheets("Engine").Cells(x, y)
x = x + 1 'Increment Counter.
Wend
x = 1
```

```
y = 70
While Worksheets("Engine"). Cells(x, y) \Leftrightarrow ""
Data23(x) = Worksheets("Engine").Cells(x, y)
x = x + 1 'Increment Counter.
Wend
x = 5
y = 5
While Cells(x, y) \Leftrightarrow ""
Data9(x) = Worksheets("Engine").Cells(x, y)
x = x + 1 'Increment Counter.
Wend
For t = 5 To (x - 1)
Tempx = Data9(t)
For I = 1 To 200
If Data20(I) = Tempx Then
If Tempx \Leftrightarrow 9.5 And Data30(t) >= 0.2 Then
Xcor = Data21(I)
End If
If Tempx = 9.5 And Data30(t) \geq = 0.2 Then
Xcor = Data21(I)
End If
End If
Next I
Tempy = Data10(t) / 10
For I = 1 To 200
If Data22(I) = Tempy And Data30(t) \ge 0.2 Then
Ycor = Data23(I)
End If
Next I
With mySheet.Shapes.AddLine(25, Xcor, 320, Ycor).Line
.DashStyle = msoLineSolid
.ForeColor.RGB = RGB(225, 0, 0)
End With
Next t
Table2
Table
Table3
Worksheets("Solved Table"). Select
Range("A2").Select
```

End Sub

End Sub

This routine adds the blue background to the route worksheet page. Sub back()
Range("A1:G980").Select
ActiveWindow.ScrollColumn = 1
Range("H959").Select
ActiveWindow.ScrollRow = 1
Range("A1:AD550").Select
With Selection.Interior
.ColorIndex = 11
.Pattern = xlSolid
.PatternColorIndex = xlAutomatic
End With
Range("E10").Select

```
Sub InitWrapper()
Sheet7.matrix2
Arrival
Service
Sim
If AddInIsPresent() Then
Application.Run "Q Net.XLA!QNet Init"
End If
End Sub
This routine initializes the output page.
Sub RunWrapper()
For I = 1 To 25
Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 1) = 0
Worksheets("Output"). Cells(5, 2) = 0
Worksheets("Output"). Cells(5, 3) = 0
Worksheets("Output"). Cells(5, 4) = 0
Worksheets("Output"). Cells(5, 5) = 0
Worksheets("Output"). Cells(5, 6) = 0
Worksheets("Output"). Cells(5, 7) = 0
Next I
This routine runs the simulation macro 25 times, recording the information to the output
worksheet.
For I = 1 To 25
Arrival
Service
Sim
Application.Run "Q Net.XLA!QNet Init"
Application.Run "Q Net.XLA!RunButton Pressed"
Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 1) = Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 1) +
Worksheets("Current").Cells(8, 9)
Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 2) = Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 2) + Worksheets("Current").Cells(8,
Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 3) = Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 3) +
Worksheets("Current").Cells(8, 1)
Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 4) = Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 4) +
Worksheets("Current").Cells(8, 2)
Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 5) = Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 5) +
```

Worksheets("Current").Cells(8, 3)

```
Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 6) = Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 6) +
Worksheets("Current").Cells(8, 4)
Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 7) = Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 7) +
Worksheets("Current").Cells(8, 5)
If Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 1) \Leftrightarrow 0 Then
pos = 9
End If
If Worksheets("Output"). Cells(5, 2) \Leftrightarrow 0 Then
pos = 10
End If
If Worksheets("Output"). Cells(5, 3) \Leftrightarrow 0 Then
pos = 11
End If
If Worksheets("Output"). Cells(5, 4) \Leftrightarrow 0 Then
pos = 12
End If
If Worksheets("Output"). Cells(5, 5) \Leftrightarrow 0 Then
pos = 13
End If
If Worksheets("Output"). Cells(5, 6) \Leftrightarrow 0 Then
pos = 14
End If
If Worksheets("Output"). Cells(5, 7) \Leftrightarrow 0 Then
pos = 15
End If
Worksheets("Output"). Cells(8 + I, 5) = Worksheets("Current"). Cells(8, pos)
Next I
End Sub
Private Sub ToggleButton1 Click()
ActiveSheet.Shapes("Group 28").Select
Dim station As ShapeRange
Dim nCycle As Integer
If ToggleButton1.Value = True Then
Set myshape = ActiveSheet.Shapes("Group 28")
myshape.Fill.ForeColor.SchemeColor = 11
```

```
Set station = Sheet7.Shapes.Range(Array("Group 28"))
For nCycle = 1 To 100
station.IncrementTop -10
Next nCycle
station.IncrementRotation 10
For j = 1 To 100
Next i
station.IncrementRotation -10
Range("B14").Select
Else
Set station = Sheet7.Shapes.Range(Array("Group 28"))
For nCycle = 1 To 100
station.IncrementTop 10
Next nCycle
Range("B14").Select
ActiveSheet.Shapes("Group 28").Select
Set myshape = ActiveSheet.Shapes("Group 28")
myshape.Fill.ForeColor.SchemeColor = 23
End If
End Sub
```

Private Sub ToggleButton11_Click()
ActiveSheet.Shapes("Group 278").Select
Dim station As ShapeRange
Dim nCycle As Integer
If ToggleButton11.Value = True Then

Set myshape = ActiveSheet.Shapes("Group 278") myshape.Fill.ForeColor.SchemeColor = 11

Set station = Sheet7.Shapes.Range(Array("Group 278"))
For nCycle = 1 To 70
station.IncrementTop -20

Next nCycle station.IncrementRotation 10 DoEvents For j = 1 To 100 Next j

station.IncrementRotation -10 Range("B14").Select

Else Set station = Sheet7.Shapes.Range(Array("Group 278")) For nCycle = 1 To 70 station.IncrementTop 20 Next nCycle Set myshape = ActiveSheet.Shapes("Group 278") myshape.Fill.ForeColor.SchemeColor = 23 Range("B14").Select End If End Sub Private Sub ToggleButton12 Click() ActiveSheet.Shapes("Group 678").Select Dim station As ShapeRange Dim nCycle As Integer If ToggleButton12.Value = True Then Set myshape = ActiveSheet.Shapes("Group 678") myshape.Fill.ForeColor.SchemeColor = 11 Set station = Sheet7.Shapes.Range(Array("Group 678")) For nCycle = 1 To 22 station.IncrementTop 2 station.IncrementRotation 180 If nCycle = 12 Or nCycle = 20 Then DoEvents station.IncrementRotation -180 Next nCycle Range("B14").Select Else Set station = Sheet7.Shapes.Range(Array("Group 678")) For nCycle = 1 To 22 station.IncrementTop -2 Next nCycle Set myshape = ActiveSheet.Shapes("Group 678") myshape.Fill.ForeColor.SchemeColor = 8 Range("B14"). Select End If End Sub Private Sub ToggleButton2 Click()

ActiveSheet.Shapes("Group 428").Select

Dim station As ShapeRange Dim nCycle As Integer

If ToggleButton2.Value = True Then

Set myshape = ActiveSheet.Shapes("Group 428") myshape.Fill.ForeColor.SchemeColor = 11

Set station = Sheet7.Shapes.Range(Array("Group 428"))

For nCycle = 1 To 25
If nCycle = 22 Then DoEvents
station.IncrementLeft 2
Next nCycle

Range("B14").Select
Else
Set station = Sheet7.Shapes.Range(Array("Group 428"))
For nCycle = 1 To 25
station.IncrementLeft -2
Next nCycle
Set myshape = ActiveSheet.Shapes("Group 428")
myshape.Fill.ForeColor.SchemeColor = 8

Range("B14").Select End If End Sub

Private Sub ToggleButton3_Click() ActiveSheet.Shapes("Group 528").Select Dim station As ShapeRange Dim nCycle As Integer

If ToggleButton3.Value = True Then

Set myshape = ActiveSheet.Shapes("Group 528") myshape.Fill.ForeColor.SchemeColor = 11

Set station = Sheet7.Shapes.Range(Array("Group 528"))

For nCycle = 1 To 25 If nCycle = 22 Then DoEvents station.IncrementLeft 2 Next nCycle

Range("B14").Select Else Set station = Sheet7.Shapes.Range(Array("Group 528")) For nCycle = 1 To 25 station.IncrementLeft -2 Next nCycle Set myshape = ActiveSheet.Shapes("Group 528") myshape.Fill.ForeColor.SchemeColor = 8 Range("B14").Select End If End Sub Private Sub ToggleButton5_Click() ActiveSheet.Shapes("Group 1078").Select Dim station As ShapeRange Dim nCycle As Integer If ToggleButton5.Value = True Then Set myshape = ActiveSheet.Shapes("Group 1078") myshape.Fill.ForeColor.SchemeColor = 11 Set station = Sheet7.Shapes.Range(Array("Group 1078")) For nCycle = 1 To 22 station.IncrementTop 2 station.IncrementRotation 27 If nCycle = 12 Or nCycle = 20 Then DoEvents station.IncrementRotation -27 Next nCycle Range("G4").Select Else Set station = Sheet7.Shapes.Range(Array("Group 1078")) For nCycle = 1 To 22 station.IncrementTop -2 Next nCycle Set myshape = ActiveSheet.Shapes("Group 1078") myshape.Fill.ForeColor.SchemeColor = 8 Range("G4").Select End If End Sub Private Sub ToggleButton6 Click() ActiveSheet.Shapes("Group 878").Select

Dim station As ShapeRange Dim nCycle As Integer

If ToggleButton6.Value = True Then
matrix2
Set myshape = ActiveSheet.Shapes("Group 878")
myshape.Fill.ForeColor.SchemeColor = 11
Set station = Sheet7.Shapes.Range(Array("Group 878"))
For nCycle = 1 To 22
station.IncrementTop 2
station.IncrementRotation 270
If nCycle = 12 Or nCycle = 20 Then DoEvents
station.IncrementRotation -270

Next nCycle

Range("B14").Select
Else
Set station = Sheet7.Shapes.Range(Array("Group 878"))
For nCycle = 1 To 22
station.IncrementTop -2
Next nCycle
Set myshape = ActiveSheet.Shapes("Group 878")
myshape.Fill.ForeColor.SchemeColor = 8

Range("B14").Select End If End Sub

This routine initializes the priority queue in the transition matrix. Sub matrix2()

Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(10, 15) = 0

Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(10, 14) = 0

Worksheets("Transition matrix"). Cells(10, 13) = 0

Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(10, 12) = 0

Worksheets("Transition matrix"). Cells(10, 11) = 0

Worksheets("Transition matrix"). Cells(10, 10) = 0

Worksheets("Transition matrix"). Cells(10, 9) = 0

If ToggleButton1.Value And ToggleButton2.Value And ToggleButton3.Value And ToggleButton5.Value And ToggleButton6.Value And ToggleButton11.Value And ToggleButton12.Value = "True" Then

```
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(10, 15) =
"=IF(AND(O 7<=Q 1,Q 7<=Q 2,Q 7<=Q 3,Q 7<=Q_4,Q_7<=Q_5,Q_7<=Q_6),1,0)"
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(10, 14) =
"=IF(AND(Q_6<=Q_1,Q_6<=Q_2,Q_6<=Q_3,Q_6<=Q_4,Q_6<=Q_5,Q_6<Q_7),1,0)"
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(10, 13) =
"=IF(AND(Q_5<=Q_1,Q_5<=Q_2,Q_5<=Q_3,Q_5<=Q_4,Q_5<Q_6,Q_5<Q_7),1,0)"
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(10, 12) =
"=IF(AND(Q_4<=Q_1,Q_4<=Q_2,Q_4<=Q_3,Q_4<Q_5,Q_4<Q_6,Q_4<Q_7),1,0)"
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(10, 11) =
"=IF(AND(Q 3<=Q 1,Q 3<=Q 2,Q 3<Q 4,Q 3<Q 5,Q 3<Q 6,Q 3<Q 7),1,0)"
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(10, 10) =
"=IF(AND(Q_2<=Q_1,Q_2<Q_3,Q_2<Q_4,Q_2<Q_5,Q_2<Q_6,Q_2<Q_7),1,0)"
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(10, 9) =
"=IF(AND(Q_1<Q_2,Q_1<Q_3,Q_1<Q_4,Q_1<Q_5,Q_1<Q_6,Q_1<Q_7),1,0)"
End If
If ToggleButton1. Value And ToggleButton2. Value And ToggleButton5. Value And
ToggleButton6.Value And ToggleButton11.Value And ToggleButton12.Value = "True"
And ToggleButton3. Value = "False" Then
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(10, 14) =
"=IF(AND(Q 6<=Q 1,Q 6<=Q 2,Q 6<=Q 3,Q 6<=Q 4,Q 6<=Q 5),1,0)"
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(10, 13) =
"=IF(AND(Q_5<=Q_1,Q_5<=Q_2,Q_5<=Q_3,Q_5<=Q_4,Q_5<Q_6),1,0)"
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(10, 12) =
"=IF(AND(Q_4<=Q_1,Q_4<=Q_2,Q_4<=Q_3,Q_4<Q_5,Q_4<Q_6),1,0)"
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(10, 11) =
"=IF(AND(Q_3<=Q_1,Q_3<=Q_2,Q_3<Q_4,Q_3<Q_5,Q_3<Q_6),1,0)"
```

Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(10, 10) =

"=IF(AND(Q_2<=Q_1,Q_2<Q_3,Q_2<Q_4,Q_2<Q_5,Q_2<Q_6),1,0)"

If ToggleButton1.Value And ToggleButton2.Value And ToggleButton5.Value And ToggleButton6.Value And ToggleButton12.Value = "True" And ToggleButton11.Value = "False" Then

End If

If ToggleButton1.Value And ToggleButton2.Value And ToggleButton6.Value And ToggleButton12.Value = "True" And ToggleButton5.Value = "False" Then

Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(10, 9) =
$$"=IF(AND(Q_1 < Q_2, Q_1 < Q_3, Q_1 < Q_4), 1, 0)"$$

End If

If ToggleButton1.Value And ToggleButton2.Value And ToggleButton12.Value = "True" And ToggleButton6.Value = "False" Then

Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(10, 11) = "=IF(AND(Q_3<=Q_1,Q_3<=Q_2),1,0)"

Worksheets("Transition matrix"). $Cells(10, 10) = "=IF(AND(Q_2 \le Q_1, Q_2 \le Q_3), 1, 0)"$

Worksheets("Transition matrix"). Cells(10, 9) = "= $IF(AND(Q_1 < Q_2, Q_1 < Q_3), 1, 0)$ "

End If

If ToggleButton1.Value And ToggleButton2.Value = "True" And ToggleButton12.Value = "False" Then

Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(10, 10) = "=IF(AND(Q 2<=Q 1),1,0)"

Worksheets("Transition matrix"). Cells(10, 9) = "=IF(AND(Q 1 < Q 2), 1, 0)"

End If

If ToggleButton1.Value = "True" And ToggleButton2.Value = "False" Then

Worksheets("Transition matrix"). Cells(10, 9) = 1

End If

End Sub

This routine initializes the simulation time.

Sub Sim()

Worksheets("Current").Cells(7, 2) = Worksheets("Parallel").Cells(24, 7) End Sub

This routine initializes the arrival time.

Sub Arrival()

Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(22, 8) = 1 / Worksheets("Parallel").Cells(21, 7) End Sub

This routine initializes the service time for each queue.

Sub Service()
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(22, 9) = Worksheets("Parallel").Cells(18, 4)
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(22, 10) = Worksheets("Parallel").Cells(18, 5)
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(22, 11) = Worksheets("Parallel").Cells(18, 6)
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(22, 12) = Worksheets("Parallel").Cells(18, 7)
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(22, 13) = Worksheets("Parallel").Cells(18, 8)
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(22, 14) = Worksheets("Parallel").Cells(18, 9)
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(22, 15) = Worksheets("Parallel").Cells(18, 10)
End Sub

This routine is for the arrival rate.

```
Sub Arrival()
Worksheets("Transition matrix"). Cells(22, 8) = 1 / Worksheets("Parallel"). Cells(21, 7)
End Sub
This routine sets the simulation time.
Sub Sim()
Worksheets("Current").Cells(7, 2) = Worksheets("Parallel").Cells(24, 7)
End Sub
This routine sets the service time.
Sub Service()
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(22, 9) = Worksheets("Parallel").Cells(18, 4)
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(22, 10) = Worksheets("Parallel").Cells(18, 5)
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(22, 11) = Worksheets("Parallel").Cells(18, 6)
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(22, 12) = Worksheets("Parallel").Cells(18, 7)
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(22, 13) = Worksheets("Parallel").Cells(18, 8)
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(22, 14) = Worksheets("Parallel").Cells(18, 9)
Worksheets("Transition matrix"). Cells(22, 15) = Worksheets("Parallel"). Cells(18, 10)
End Sub
```

This routine initializes the worksheet.

```
Sub InitWrapper()
Sheet7.matrix2
Arrival
Service
Sim
If AddInIsPresent() Then
Application.Run "Q_Net.XLA!QNet_Init"
End If
End Sub
```

This routine resets the worksheet for future replications. Sub matrix2()

Worksheets("Transition matrix"). Cells (16, 15) = 0

Worksheets("Transition matrix"). Cells(15, 14) = 0

Worksheets("Transition matrix"). Cells(14, 13) = 0

Worksheets("Transition matrix"). Cells(13, 12) = 0

Worksheets("Transition matrix"). Cells(12, 11) = 0

Worksheets("Transition matrix"). Cells(11, 10) = 0

Worksheets("Transition matrix"). Cells(10, 9) = 0

These "IF" statements checks to see which macro buttons are active on the worksheet to set the appropriate values on the transition matrix.

If ToggleButton1.value And ToggleButton2.value And ToggleButton3.value And ToggleButton5.value And ToggleButton6.value And ToggleButton11.value And ToggleButton12.value = "True" Then

```
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(16, 15) = "= 1" Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(15, 14) = "= 1" Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(14, 13) = "= 1" Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(13, 12) = "= 1" Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(12, 11) = "= 1" Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(11, 10) = "= 1" Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(10, 9) = "= 1" End If
```

If ToggleButton1.value And ToggleButton2.value And ToggleButton5.value And ToggleButton6.value And ToggleButton11.value And ToggleButton12.value = "True" And ToggleButton3.value = "False" Then

```
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(15, 14) = "= 1" Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(14, 13) = "= 1" Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(13, 12) = "= 1" Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(12, 11) = "= 1" Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(11, 10) = "= 1" Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(10, 9) = "= 1"
```

End If

If ToggleButton1.value And ToggleButton2.value And ToggleButton5.value And ToggleButton6.value And ToggleButton12.value = "True" And ToggleButton11.value = "False" Then

```
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(14, 13) = "=1" Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(13, 12) = "= 1" Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(12, 11) = "= 1" Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(11, 10) = "= 1" Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(10, 9) = "= 1"
```

End If

If ToggleButton1.value And ToggleButton2.value And ToggleButton6.value And ToggleButton12.value = "True" And ToggleButton5.value = "False" Then

```
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(13, 12) = "= 1"
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(12, 11) = "= 1"
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(11, 10) = "= 1"
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(10, 9) = "= 1"
End If
If ToggleButton1.value And ToggleButton2.value And ToggleButton12.value = "True"
And ToggleButton6.value = "False" Then
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(12, 11) = "= 1"
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(11, 10) = "= 1"
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(10, 9) = "= 1"
End If
If (ToggleButton1.value And ToggleButton2.value = True) And ToggleButton12.value =
"False" Then
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(11, 10) = "= 1"
Worksheets("Transition matrix").Cells(10, 9) = "= 1"
End If
If ToggleButton1.value = True And ToggleButton2.value = "False" Then
Worksheets("Transition matrix"). Cells(10, 9) = 1
End If
End Sub
This routine runs the simulation a total of 25 replications, and it records the information
to an output file for analysis.
Sub RunWrapper()
'MsgBox "run is equal to" & Worksheets("Parallel").Cells(41, 8)
'For I = 1 To Worksheets("Parallel").Cells(41, 8)
For I = 1 To 25
Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 1) = 0
Worksheets("Output"). Cells(5, 2) = 0
Worksheets("Output"). Cells(5, 3) = 0
Worksheets("Output"). Cells(5, 4) = 0
Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 5) = 0h
```

Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 6) = 0Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 7) = 0

Number = 0

Next I

```
For I = 1 To 25
Arrival
Service
Sim
Number = 0
Application.Run "Q Net.XLA!QNet Init"
Application.Run "Q Net.XLA!RunButton Pressed"
Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 1) = Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 1) +
Worksheets("Current").Cells(8, 9)
Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 2) = Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 2) +
Worksheets("Current").Cells(8, 10)
Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 3) = Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 3) +
Worksheets("Current").Cells(8, 11)
Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 4) = Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 4) +
Worksheets("Current").Cells(8, 12)
Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 5) = Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 5) +
Worksheets("Current").Cells(8, 13)
Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 6) = Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 6) +
Worksheets("Current").Cells(8, 14)
Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 7) = Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 7) +
Worksheets("Current").Cells(8, 15)
If Worksheets("Output"). Cells(5, 1) \Leftrightarrow 0 Then
pos = 9
Number = Number + 1
End If
If Worksheets("Output"). Cells(5, 2) \Leftrightarrow 0 Then
pos = 10
Number = Number + 1
End If
If Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 3) <> 0 Then
pos = 11
Number = Number + 1
End If
If Worksheets("Output").Cells(5, 4) <> 0 Then
pos = 12
Number = Number + 1
End If
If Worksheets("Output"). Cells(5, 5) \Leftrightarrow 0 Then
pos = 13
Number = Number + 1
End If
If Worksheets("Output"). Cells(5, 6) \Leftrightarrow 0 Then
```

```
pos = 14
 Number = Number + 1
 End If
 If Worksheets("Output"). Cells(5, 7) \Leftrightarrow 0 Then
 pos = 15
 Number = Number + 1
 End If
 Worksheets("Output").Cells(8 + I, 6) = (Worksheets("Current").Cells(8, 9) + (Worksh
 Worksheets("Current").Cells(8, 10) + Worksheets("Current").Cells(8, 11) +
 Worksheets("Current").Cells(8, 12) + Worksheets("Current").Cells(8, 13) +
 Worksheets("Current").Cells(8, 14) + Worksheets("Current").Cells(8, 15))
 Worksheets("Output").Cells(8 + I, 5) = Worksheets("Current").Cells(6, pos)
Next I
MsgBox "number is " & Number
MsgBox "pos is" & pos
 value
sort
End Sub
```

The private routines initialize the combo boxes on the risk management worksheet.

Private Sub ComboBox1_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox10_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox100_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox101_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox102_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox103_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox104_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox105_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox106_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox107_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox108_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox109_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox11_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox110_Change()

End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox111_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox112_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox113_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox114_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox115_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox116_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox117_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox118_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox119_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox12_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox120_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox13_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox14_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox15_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox16_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox17_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox18_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox19_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox2_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox20_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox21_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox22_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox23_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox24_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox25_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox26_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox27_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox28_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox29_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox3_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox30_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox31_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox32_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox33_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox34_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox35_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox36_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox37_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox38_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox39_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox4_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox40_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox41_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox42_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox43_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox44_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox45_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox46_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox47_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox48_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox49_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox5_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox50_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox51_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox52_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox53_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox54_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox55_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox56_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox57_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox58_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox59_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox6_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox60_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox61_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox62_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox63_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox64_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox65_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox66_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox67_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox68_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox69_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox7_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox71_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox8_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox80_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox81_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox82_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox83_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox84_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox85_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox86_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox87_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox88_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox89_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox9_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox90_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox91_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox92_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox93_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox94_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox95_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox96_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox97_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox98_Change() End Sub

Private Sub ComboBox99_Change() End Sub

This "initialize" command macro button has two functional purposes. It clears any information in the combo boxes on the risk management worksheet by using the clear feature. Finally, it adds information to each combo box by the use of the add item feature.

Private Sub CommandButton1_Click()

Worksheets("Analysis Sheet").Select

ComboBox1.Clear

ComboBox2.Clear

ComboBox3.Clear

ComboBox4.Clear

ComboBox5.Clear

ComboBox6.Clear

ComboBox7.Clear

ComboBox8.Clear

ComboBox9.Clear

ComboBox10.Clear

ComboBox11.Clear

ComboBox12.Clear

ComboBox13.Clear

ComboBox14.Clear ComboBox15.Clear

ComboBox16.Clear

ComboBox17.Clear

ComboBox18.Clear

ComboBox19.Clear

ComboBox20.Clear

ComboBox21.Clear

ComboBox22.Clear

ComboBox23.Clear

ComboBox24.Clear

ComboBox25.Clear

ComboBox26.Clear

ComboBox27.Clear

ComboBox28.Clear

ComboBox29.Clear

ComboBox30.Clear

ComboBox31.Clear

ComboBox32.Clear

ComboBox33.Clear

ComboBox34.Clear

ComboBox35.Clear

ComboBox36.Clear

ComboBox37.Clear

ComboBox38.Clear

ComboBox39.Clear

ComboBox40.Clear

For x = 1 To 1

ComboBox1.AddItem "L"

ComboBox1.AddItem "M"

ComboBox1.AddItem "H"

ComboBox1.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox2.AddItem "L"

ComboBox2.AddItem "M"

ComboBox2.AddItem "H"

ComboBox2.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox3.AddItem "L"

ComboBox3.AddItem "M"

ComboBox3.AddItem "H"

ComboBox3.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox4.AddItem "L"

ComboBox4.AddItem "M"

ComboBox4.AddItem "H"
ComboBox4.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox5.AddItem "L" ComboBox5.AddItem "M" ComboBox5.AddItem "H" ComboBox5.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox6.AddItem "L" ComboBox6.AddItem "M" ComboBox6.AddItem "H" ComboBox6.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox7.AddItem "L" ComboBox7.AddItem "M" ComboBox7.AddItem "H" ComboBox7.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox8.AddItem "L" ComboBox8.AddItem "M" ComboBox8.AddItem "H" ComboBox8.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox9.AddItem "L" ComboBox9.AddItem "M" ComboBox9.AddItem "H" ComboBox9.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox10.AddItem "L" ComboBox10.AddItem "M" ComboBox10.AddItem "H" ComboBox10.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox11.AddItem "L" ComboBox11.AddItem "M" ComboBox11.AddItem "H" ComboBox11.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox12.AddItem "L" ComboBox12.AddItem "M" ComboBox12.AddItem "H" ComboBox12.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox13.AddItem "L"

ComboBox13.AddItem "M"

ComboBox13.AddItem "H"

ComboBox13.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox14.AddItem "L"

ComboBox14.AddItem "M"

ComboBox14.AddItem "H"

ComboBox14.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox15.AddItem "L"

ComboBox15.AddItem "M"

ComboBox15.AddItem "H"

ComboBox15.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox16.AddItem "L"

ComboBox16.AddItem "M"

ComboBox16.AddItem "H"

ComboBox16.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox17.AddItem "L"

ComboBox17.AddItem "M"

ComboBox17.AddItem "H"

ComboBox17.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox18.AddItem "L"

ComboBox18.AddItem "M"

ComboBox18.AddItem "H"

ComboBox18.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox19.AddItem "L"

ComboBox19.AddItem "M"

ComboBox19.AddItem "H"

ComboBox19.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox20.AddItem "L"

ComboBox20.AddItem "M"

ComboBox20.AddItem "H"

ComboBox20.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox21.AddItem "L"

ComboBox21.AddItem "M"

ComboBox21.AddItem "H"

ComboBox21.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox22.AddItem "L"

ComboBox22.AddItem "M"

ComboBox22.AddItem "H"

ComboBox22.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox23.AddItem "L"

ComboBox23.AddItem "M"

ComboBox23.AddItem "H"

ComboBox23.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox24.AddItem "L"

ComboBox24.AddItem "M"

ComboBox24.AddItem "H"

ComboBox24.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox25.AddItem "L"

ComboBox25.AddItem "M"

ComboBox25.AddItem "H"

ComboBox25.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox26.AddItem "L"

ComboBox26.AddItem "M"

ComboBox26.AddItem "H"

ComboBox26.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox27.AddItem "L"

ComboBox27.AddItem "M"

ComboBox27.AddItem "H"

ComboBox27.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox28.AddItem "L"

ComboBox28.AddItem "M"

ComboBox28.AddItem "H"

ComboBox28.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox29.AddItem "L"

ComboBox29.AddItem "M"

ComboBox29.AddItem "H"

ComboBox29.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox30.AddItem "L"

ComboBox30.AddItem "M"

ComboBox30.AddItem "H"

ComboBox30.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox31.AddItem "L"

ComboBox31.AddItem "M"

ComboBox31.AddItem "H"

ComboBox31.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox32.AddItem "L"

ComboBox32.AddItem "M"

ComboBox32.AddItem "H"

ComboBox32.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox33.AddItem "L"

ComboBox33.AddItem "M"

ComboBox33.AddItem "H"

ComboBox33.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox34.AddItem "L"

ComboBox34.AddItem "M"

ComboBox34.AddItem "H"

ComboBox34.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox35.AddItem "L"

ComboBox35.AddItem "M"

ComboBox35.AddItem "H"

ComboBox35.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox36.AddItem "L"

ComboBox36.AddItem "M"

ComboBox36.AddItem "H"

ComboBox36.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox37.AddItem "L"

ComboBox37.AddItem "M"

ComboBox37.AddItem "H"

ComboBox37.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox38.AddItem "L"

ComboBox38.AddItem "M"

ComboBox38.AddItem "H"

ComboBox38.AddItem "EH"

ComboBox39.AddItem "L"

ComboBox39.AddItem "M"

ComboBox39.AddItem "H"

ComboBox39.AddItem "EH"

```
ComboBox40.AddItem "L"
ComboBox40.AddItem "M"
ComboBox40.AddItem "H"
ComboBox40.AddItem "EH"
Next x
End Sub
This command button will calculate the average, mode, and highest occurrence of a risk
factor based on the input from the risk management worksheet.
Private Sub CommandButton2 Click()
Probsum = 0
Count = 0
Low = 0
Med = 0
High = 0
Ehigh = 0
If ComboBox21.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox21.Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox21.Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox21.Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox22. Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
```

Low = Low + 1

Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)

```
ElseIf ComboBox22.Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox22.Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox22. Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox23.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox23. Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox23. Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox23. Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox24.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox24.Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
```

```
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox24. Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox24. Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox25. Value = "L" Then .
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox25. Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox25. Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox25. Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox26.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox26.Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox26. Value = "H" Then
```

```
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox26. Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox27.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox27.Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox27. Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox27. Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox28.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox28.Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox28. Value = "H" Then
```

```
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox28. Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox29.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox29.Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox29. Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox29. Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox30.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox30. Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox30. Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
```

```
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox30.Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox31.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox31.Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox31.Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox31.Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox32.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox32. Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox32.Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
```

```
ElseIf ComboBox32. Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox33.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox33. Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox33. Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox33. Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox34.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox34. Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox34. Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox34. Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
```

```
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox35.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox35. Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox35.Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox35. Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox36. Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox36.Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox36. Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox36.Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
```

```
If ComboBox37. Value = "L" Then
 Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox37.Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox37.Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox37. Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox38. Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox38.Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox38. Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data"). Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox38. Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
```

```
If ComboBox39. Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox39. Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox39. Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox39. Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox40. Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox40. Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox40. Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox40. Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
Mode = Low
If Med >= Mode Then
```

```
Mode = Med
End If
If High >= Mode Then
Mode = High
End If
If Ehigh >= Mode Then
Mode = Ehigh
End If
If Mode = Ehigh Then
MsgBox "Assessment 1: The overall mode is Extremly High."
ElseIf Mode = High Then
MsgBox "Assessment 1: The overall mode is High."
ElseIf Mode = Med Then
MsgBox "Assessment 1: The overall mode is Moderate."
ElseIf Mode = Low Then
MsgBox "Assessment 1: The overall mode is Low."
End If
If Count \Leftrightarrow 0 Then
T1 = 0
T2 = 0
T3 = 0
T4 = 0
Value = Probsum / Count
T1 = Abs(Value - Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6))
T2 = Abs(Value - Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6))
T3 = Abs(Value - Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6))
T4 = Abs(Value - Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6))
If (T1 < T2 \text{ And } T1 < T3 \text{ And } T1 < T4) Then
MsgBox ("Assessment 2: The overall mission/task risk level before controls are
implemented is Low (L), and the average outcome for mission/task level before controls
are implemented is ") & Value
End If
If (T2 \le T1 \text{ And } T2 \le T3 \text{ And } T2 \le T4) Then
MsgBox ("Assessment 2: The overall mission/task risk level before controls are
implemented is Moderate (M), and the average outcome for mission/task level before
controls are implemented is ") & Value
End If
```

If (T3 <= T1 And T3 <= T2 And T3 < T4) Then

MsgBox ("Assessment 2: The overall mission/task risk level before controls are implemented is High (H), and the average outcome for mission/task level before controls are implemented is ") & Value End If

If (T4 <= T1 And T4 <= T2 And T4 <= T3) Then

MsgBox ("Assessment 2: The overall mission/task risk level before controls are implemented is Extremely High (EH), and the average outcome for mission/task level before controls are implemented is ") & Value End If

If (Ehigh > 0) Then MsgBox "Assessment 3: The overall risk is (EH) extremely high." If (High > 0 And Ehigh = 0) Then MsgBox "Assessment 3: The overall risk is (H) High." If (Med > 0 And Ehigh = 0 And High = 0) Then MsgBox "Assessment 3: The overall risk is (M) Moderate."

If (Low > 0 And Ehigh = 0 And High = 0 And Med = 0) Then MsgBox "Assessment 3: The overall risk is (L) Low."

End If

End Sub

This "clear " command macro button will clear the entire risk management worksheet. Private Sub CommandButton3 Click()

TextBox1.Value = " Double click on space to enter text"

TextBox2.Value = " Double click on space to enter text"

TextBox3.Value = " Double click on space to enter text"

TextBox4.Value = " Double click on space to enter text"

TextBox5.Value = " Double click on space to enter text"

TextBox6.Value = " Double click on space to enter text"

TextBox7.Value = "Double click on space to enter text"

TextBox8.Value = " Double click on space to enter text"

TextBox9.Value = " Double click on space to enter text"

TextBox10.Value = "Double click on space to enter text"

TextBox11.Value = "Double click on space to enter text"

TextBox12.Value = "Double click on space to enter text"

TextBox13.Value = "Double click on space to enter text"
TextBox14.Value = "Double click on space to enter text"

TextBox15. Value = " Double click on space to enter text"

TextBox16.Value = " Double click on space to enter text"

TextBox17.Value = " Double click on space to enter text"

TextBox18.Value = " Double click on space to enter text"

TextBox19.Value = " Double click on space to enter text" TextBox20.Value = " Double click on space to enter text" ComboBox1.Value = " " ComboBox2.Value = " " ComboBox3.Value = " " ComboBox4.Value = " " ComboBox5.Value = " " ComboBox6.Value = " " ComboBox7.Value = " " ComboBox8. Value = " " ComboBox9. Value = " " ComboBox10.Value = " " ComboBox11.Value = " " ComboBox12.Value = " " ComboBox13.Value = " " ComboBox14.Value = " " ComboBox15.Value = " " ComboBox16.Value = " " ComboBox17.Value = " " ComboBox18.Value = " " ComboBox19.Value = " " ComboBox20.Value = " " ComboBox21.Value = " " ComboBox22.Value = " " ComboBox23.Value = " " ComboBox24.Value = " " ComboBox25.Value = " " ComboBox26.Value = " " ComboBox27.Value = " " ComboBox28.Value = " " ComboBox29.Value = " " ComboBox30.Value = " " ComboBox31.Value = " " ComboBox32.Value = " "

ComboBox33.Value = " "
ComboBox34.Value = " "
ComboBox35.Value = " "
ComboBox36.Value = " "
ComboBox37.Value = " "
ComboBox38.Value = " "
ComboBox39.Value = " "
ComboBox40.Value = " "

```
ComboBox61.Value = " "
ComboBox62.Value = " "
ComboBox63.Value = " "
ComboBox64.Value = " "
ComboBox65.Value = " "
ComboBox66.Value = " "
ComboBox67.Value = " "
ComboBox68.Value = " "
ComboBox69.Value = " "
ComboBox70.Value = " "
ComboBox71.Value = " "
ComboBox72.Value = " "
ComboBox73. Value = " "
ComboBox74. Value = " "
ComboBox75.Value = " "
ComboBox76. Value = " "
ComboBox77.Value = " "
ComboBox78.Value = " "
ComboBox79.Value = " "
ComboBox80.Value = " "
ComboBox81.Value = " "
ComboBox82.Value = " "
ComboBox83.Value = " "
ComboBox84.Value = " "
ComboBox85.Value = " "
ComboBox86.Value = " "
ComboBox87.Value = " "
ComboBox88.Value = " "
ComboBox89.Value = " "
ComboBox90.Value = " "
ComboBox91.Value = " "
ComboBox92.Value = " "
ComboBox93.Value = " "
ComboBox94. Value = " "
ComboBox95.Value = " "
ComboBox96.Value = " "
ComboBox97.Value = " "
ComboBox98.Value = " "
ComboBox99.Value = " "
ComboBox100.Value = " "
ComboBox41.Value = " "
ComboBox42.Value = " "
```

ComboBox43.Value = " "

- ComboBox44.Value = " "
 ComboBox45.Value = " "
 ComboBox46.Value = " "
 ComboBox47.Value = " "
 ComboBox48.Value = " "
 ComboBox49.Value = " "
 ComboBox50.Value = " "
 ComboBox51.Value = " "
 ComboBox53.Value = " "
 ComboBox53.Value = " "
- ComboBox54. Value = " "
 ComboBox56. Value = " "
 ComboBox57. Value = " "
- ComboBox59.Value = " "
 ComboBox59.Value = " "
 ComboBox60.Value = " "
- ComboBox61.Clear
- ComboBox62.Clear
- ComboBox63.Clear
- ComboBox64.Clear
- ComboBox65.Clear
- ComboBox66.Clear
- ComboBox67.Clear
- ComboBox68.Clear
- ComboBox69.Clear
- ComboBox70.Clear
- ComboBox71.Clear
- ComboBox72.Clear
- ComboBox73.Clear
- ComboBox74.Clear ComboBox75.Clear
- ComboBox76.Clear
- ComboBox 76. Clear ComboBox 77. Clear
- ComboBox78.Clear
- ComboBox79.Clear
- ComboBox80.Clear
- ComboBox81.Clear
- ComboBox82.Clear
- ComboBox83.Clear
- ComboBox84.Clear
- ComboBox85.Clear
- ComboBox86.Clear
- ComboBox87.Clear

ComboBox88.Clear

ComboBox89.Clear

ComboBox90.Clear

ComboBox91.Clear

ComboBox92.Clear

ComboBox93.Clear

ComboBox94.Clear

ComboBox95.Clear

ComboBox96.Clear

ComboBox97.Clear

ComboBox98.Clear

ComboBox99.Clear

ComboBox100.Clear

ComboBox41.Clear

ComboBox42.Clear

ComboBox43.Clear

ComboBox44.Clear

ComboBox45.Clear

ComboBox46.Clear

ComboBox47.Clear

ComboBox48.Clear

ComboBox49.Clear

ComboBox50.Clear

ComboBox51.Clear

ComboBox52.Clear

ComboBox53.Clear

ComboBox54.Clear

ComboBox55.Clear

ComboBox56.Clear

ComboBox57.Clear

ComboBox58.Clear

ComboBox59.Clear

ComboBox60.Clear

End Sub

This command button will calculate the average, mode, and highest occurrence of a risk factor based on the input from the risk management worksheet.

Private Sub CommandButton4_Click()

Probsum = 0

Count = 0

Low = 0

Med = 0

High = 0

```
Ehigh = 0
If ComboBox1.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox1. Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox1.Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox1.Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox2.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox2. Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox2.Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox2.Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
```

```
If ComboBox3.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox3. Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox3. Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox3.Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox4.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox4. Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox4.Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox4.Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox5.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
```

```
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox5. Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox5.Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox5.Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox6. Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox6. Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox6. Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox6.Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox7.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox7. Value = "M" Then
```

```
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox7. Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox7.Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox8. Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox8. Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox8.Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox8. Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox9.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox9. Value = "M" Then
```

```
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox9. Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox9.Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox10.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox10. Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox10. Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox10. Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox11.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox11.Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
```

```
ElseIf ComboBox11.Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox11.Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox12.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox12.Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox12.Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox12.Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox13.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox13. Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox13.Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
```

```
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox13.Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox14. Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox14. Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox14. Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox14.Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox15.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox15. Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox15. Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
```

```
ElseIf ComboBox15.Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox16. Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox16. Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox16. Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox16. Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox17.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox17. Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox17. Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox17. Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
```

```
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox18.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox18. Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox18.Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox18. Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
If ComboBox19.Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox19. Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox19. Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox19.Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
```

```
If ComboBox20. Value = "L" Then
Count = Count + 1
Low = Low + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox20.Value = "M" Then
Count = Count + 1
Med = Med + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox20.Value = "H" Then
Count = Count + 1
High = High + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6)
ElseIf ComboBox20. Value = "EH" Then
Count = Count + 1
Ehigh = Ehigh + 1
Probsum = Probsum + Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6)
End If
Mode = Low
If Med >= Mode Then
Mode = Med
End If
If High >= Mode Then
Mode = High
End If
If Ehigh >= Mode Then
Mode = Ehigh
End If
If Mode = Ehigh Then
MsgBox "Assessment 1: The overall mode is Extremely High."
ElseIf Mode = High Then
MsgBox "Assessment 1: The overall mode is High."
ElseIf Mode = Med Then
```

MsgBox "Assessment 1: The overall mode is Moderate."

ElseIf Mode = Low Then

MsgBox "Assessment 1: The overall mode is Low."

End If

If Count ⇔ 0 Then

T1 = 0

T2 = 0

T3 = 0

T4 = 0

Value = Probsum / Count

T1 = Abs(Value - Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(3, 6))

T2 = Abs(Value - Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(4, 6))

T3 = Abs(Value - Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(5, 6))

T4 = Abs(Value - Worksheets("Initial data").Cells(6, 6))

If (T1 < T2 And T1 < T3 And T1 < T4) Then

MsgBox ("Assessment 2: The overall mission/task risk level before controls are implemented is Low (L), and the average outcome for mission/task level before controls are implemented is ") & Value

End If

If
$$(T2 \le T1 \text{ And } T2 \le T3 \text{ And } T2 \le T4)$$
 Then

MsgBox ("Assessment 2: The overall mission/task risk level before controls are implemented is Moderate (M), and the average outcome for mission/task level before controls are implemented is ") & Value

End If

MsgBox ("Assessment 2: The overall mission/task risk level before controls are implemented is High (H), and the average outcome for mission/task level before controls are implemented is ") & Value

End If

MsgBox ("Assessment 2: The overall mission/task risk level before controls are implemented is Extremely High (EH), and the average outcome for mission/task level before controls are implemented is ") & Value End If

If (Ehigh > 0) Then MsgBox "Assessment 3: The overall risk is (EH) extremely high."

If (High > 0 And Ehigh = 0) Then MsgBox "Assessment 3: The overall risk is (H) High."

If (Med > 0 And Ehigh = 0 And High = 0) Then MsgBox "Assessment 3: The overall risk is (M) Moderate."

If (Low > 0 And Ehigh = 0 And High = 0 And Med = 0) Then MsgBox "Assessment 3: The overall risk is (L) Low."

End If End Sub

All of the text box routines below are activated by the event by double clicking on the textbox. This event causes the input box to active. At this point a user type in a task name stored in the database. If the name is stored in the database, the information related to the task is stored in the respective combo columns for that particular row.

Private Sub TextBox1_DblClick(ByVal Cancel As MSForms.ReturnBoolean)

Dim DB1 As Database

Dim RS1 As Recordset

Dim QRY1 As QueryDef

Dim QueryString As String

Dim temp As String

On Error GoTo Error Handler

QueryString = "PARAMETERS [Param1]TEXT; " &

"SELECT * FROM Risk WHERE [Task] = [Param1]"

Set DB1 = OpenDatabase(ThisWorkbook.Path & "\Wilson.mdb")

If DB1.QueryDefs.Count < 1 Then

Set QRY1 = DB1.CreateQueryDef("Query1", QueryString)

Else

Set QRY1 = DB1.QueryDefs("Query1")

QRY1.Sql = QueryString

End If

QRY1.Parameters("Param1") = InputBox("Enter task name")

Set RS1 = QRY1.OpenRecordset(dbOpenDynaset)

With RS1

.MoveFirst

TextBox1.Value = .Fields("Task")

ComboBox61.Clear

ComboBox61. Value = "Use drop down button to make selections."

ComboBox82. Value = "Use drop down button to make selecitons."

ComboBox42.Value = "Use drop down button to make selections."

ComboBox61.AddItem .Fields("Hazard")

ComboBox82.Clear

ComboBox82.Value = "Use drop down button to make selections."

ComboBox82.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols")

ComboBox42.Clear ComboBox42.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols") While Not .EOF .MoveNext ComboBox61.AddItem .Fields("Hazard") ComboBox82.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols") ComboBox42.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols") Wend End With DB1.Close Exit Sub ErrorHandler: DB1.Close End Sub Private Sub TextBox10_DblClick(ByVal Cancel As MSForms.ReturnBoolean) Dim RS1 As Recordset Dim QRY1 As QueryDef Dim QueryString As String Dim temp As String On Error GoTo Error Handler QueryString = "PARAMETERS [Param1]TEXT; " & "SELECT * FROM Risk WHERE [Task] = [Param1]" Set DB1 = OpenDatabase(ThisWorkbook.Path & "\Wilson.mdb") If DB1.QueryDefs.Count < 1 Then Set QRY1 = DB1.CreateQueryDef("Query1", QueryString) Else Set QRY1 = DB1.QueryDefs("Query1") QRY1.Sql = QueryStringEnd If QRY1.Parameters("Param1") = InputBox("Enter task name.") Set RS1 = ORY1.OpenRecordset(dbOpenDynaset) With RS1 .MoveFirst TextBox10.Value = .Fields("Task") ComboBox70.Clear ComboBox70. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectors." ComboBox90.Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox50. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox70.AddItem .Fields("Hazard") ComboBox90.Clear

ComboBox90.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols")

ComboBox50.Clear

ComboBox50.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols") While Not .EOF .MoveNext ComboBox70.AddItem .Fields("Hazard") ComboBox90.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols") ComboBox50.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols") Wend End With DB1.Close Exit Sub ErrorHandler: DB1.Close End Sub Private Sub TextBox11_DblClick(ByVal Cancel As MSForms.ReturnBoolean) Dim RS1 As Recordset Dim QRY1 As QueryDef Dim QueryString As String Dim temp As String On Error GoTo ErrorHandler QueryString = "PARAMETERS [Param1]TEXT; " & "SELECT * FROM Risk WHERE [Task] = [Param1]" Set DB1 = OpenDatabase(ThisWorkbook.Path & "\Wilson.mdb") If DB1.QueryDefs.Count < 1 Then Set QRY1 = DB1.CreateQueryDef("Query1", QueryString) Else Set QRY1 = DB1.QueryDefs("Query1") QRY1.Sql = QueryString End If QRY1.Parameters("Param1") = InputBox("Enter task name.") Set RS1 = QRY1.OpenRecordset(dbOpenDynaset) With RS1 .MoveFirst TextBox11.Value = .Fields("Task") ComboBox71.Clear ComboBox71. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox91.Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox51. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox71.AddItem .Fields("Hazard") ComboBox91.Clear ComboBox91.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols")

ComboBox51.Clear

While Not .EOF .MoveNext

ComboBox51.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols")

ComboBox71.AddItem .Fields("Hazard")
ComboBox91.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols")

ComboBox51.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols") Wend End With DB1.Close Exit Sub ErrorHandler: DB1.Close End Sub Private Sub TextBox12_DblClick(ByVal Cancel As MSForms.ReturnBoolean) Dim RS1 As Recordset Dim QRY1 As QueryDef Dim QueryString As String Dim temp As String On Error GoTo Error Handler QueryString = "PARAMETERS [Param1]TEXT; " & "SELECT * FROM Risk WHERE [Task] = [Param1]" Set DB1 = OpenDatabase(ThisWorkbook.Path & "\Wilson.mdb") If DB1.QueryDefs.Count < 1 Then Set QRY1 = DB1.CreateQueryDef("Query1", QueryString) Else Set QRY1 = DB1.QueryDefs("Query1")QRY1.Sq1 = QueryStringEnd If QRY1.Parameters("Param1") = InputBox("Enter task name.") Set RS1 = QRY1.OpenRecordset(dbOpenDynaset)With RS1 .MoveFirst TextBox12.Value = .Fields("Task") ComboBox72.Clear ComboBox72.Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox92. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectors." ComboBox52. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox72.AddItem .Fields("Hazard") ComboBox92.Clear

```
ComboBox92.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols")
ComboBox52.Clear
ComboBox52.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols")
While Not .EOF
.MoveNext
ComboBox72.AddItem .Fields("Hazard")
ComboBox92.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols")
ComboBox52.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols")
Wend
End With
DB1.Close
Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
DB1.Close
End Sub
Private Sub TextBox13_DblClick(ByVal Cancel As MSForms.ReturnBoolean)
Dim RS1 As Recordset
Dim QRY1 As QueryDef
Dim QueryString As String
Dim temp As String
On Error GoTo Error Handler
QueryString = "PARAMETERS [Param1]TEXT; " &
"SELECT * FROM Risk WHERE [Task] = [Param1]"
Set DB1 = OpenDatabase(ThisWorkbook.Path & "\Wilson.mdb")
If DB1.QueryDefs.Count < 1 Then
Set QRY1 = DB1.CreateQueryDef("Query1", QueryString)
Else
Set QRY1 = DB1.QueryDefs("Query1")
QRY1.Sql = QueryString
End If
QRY1.Parameters("Param1") = InputBox("Enter task name.")
Set RS1 = QRY1.OpenRecordset(dbOpenDynaset)
With RS1
.MoveFirst
TextBox13.Value = .Fields("Task")
ComboBox73.Clear
ComboBox73. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons."
ComboBox93.Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons."
ComboBox53. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectors."
ComboBox73.AddItem .Fields("Hazard")
ComboBox93.Clear
```

ComboBox93.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols")

ComboBox53.Clear ComboBox53.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols") While Not .EOF .MoveNext ComboBox73.AddItem .Fields("Hazard") ComboBox93.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols") ComboBox53.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols") Wend End With DB1.Close Exit Sub ErrorHandler: DB1.Close End Sub Private Sub TextBox14_DblClick(ByVal Cancel As MSForms.ReturnBoolean) Dim RS1 As Recordset Dim QRY1 As QueryDef Dim QueryString As String Dim temp As String On Error GoTo Error Handler QueryString = "PARAMETERS [Param1]TEXT; " & "SELECT * FROM Risk WHERE [Task] = [Param1]" Set DB1 = OpenDatabase(ThisWorkbook.Path & "\Wilson.mdb") If DB1.QueryDefs.Count < 1 Then Set QRY1 = DB1.CreateQueryDef("Query1", QueryString) Else Set QRY1 = DB1.QueryDefs("Query1") QRY1.Sql = QueryString End If QRY1.Parameters("Param1") = InputBox("Enter task name.") Set RS1 = QRY1.OpenRecordset(dbOpenDynaset) With RS1 .MoveFirst TextBox14.Value = .Fields("Task") ComboBox74.Clear ComboBox74. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox94. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox54. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox74.AddItem .Fields("Hazard") ComboBox94.Clear ComboBox94.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols")

ComboBox54.Clear

```
ComboBox54.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols")
While Not .EOF
.MoveNext
ComboBox74.AddItem .Fields("Hazard")
ComboBox94.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols")
ComboBox54.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols")
Wend
End With
DB1.Close
Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
DB1.Close
End Sub
Private Sub TextBox15_DblClick(ByVal Cancel As MSForms.ReturnBoolean)
Dim RS1 As Recordset
Dim QRY1 As QueryDef
Dim QueryString As String
Dim temp As String
On Error GoTo Error Handler
QueryString = "PARAMETERS [Param1]TEXT; " &
"SELECT * FROM Risk WHERE [Task] = [Param1]"
Set DB1 = OpenDatabase(ThisWorkbook.Path & "\Wilson.mdb")
If DB1.QueryDefs.Count < 1 Then
Set QRY1 = DB1.CreateQueryDef("Query1", QueryString)
Else
Set QRY1 = DB1.QueryDefs("Query1")
QRY1.Sql = QueryString
End If
ORY1.Parameters("Param1") = InputBox("Enter task name.")
Set RS1 = QRY1.OpenRecordset(dbOpenDynaset)
With RS1
.MoveFirst
TextBox15.Value = .Fields("Task")
ComboBox75. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons."
ComboBox95. Value = "Use drop down button to make se"
ComboBox55. Value = "Use drop down button to make se"
ComboBox75.Clear
ComboBox75.AddItem .Fields("Hazard")
ComboBox95.Clear
ComboBox95.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols")
ComboBox55.Clear
ComboBox55.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols")
```

While Not .EOF

```
.MoveNext
ComboBox75.AddItem .Fields("Hazard")
ComboBox95.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols")
ComboBox55.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols")
Wend
End With
DB1.Close
Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
DB1.Close
End Sub
Private Sub TextBox16 DblClick(ByVal Cancel As MSForms.ReturnBoolean)
Dim RS1 As Recordset
Dim QRY1 As QueryDef
Dim QueryString As String
Dim temp As String
On Error GoTo Error Handler
QueryString = "PARAMETERS [Param1]TEXT; " &
"SELECT * FROM Risk WHERE [Task] = [Param1]"
Set DB1 = OpenDatabase(ThisWorkbook.Path & "\Wilson.mdb")
If DB1.QueryDefs.Count < 1 Then
Set QRY1 = DB1.CreateQueryDef("Query1", QueryString)
Else
Set QRY1 = DB1.QueryDefs("Query1")
QRY1.Sql = QueryString
End If
QRY1.Parameters("Param1") = InputBox("Enter task name.")
Set RS1 = QRY1.OpenRecordset(dbOpenDynaset)
With RS1
.MoveFirst
TextBox16.Value = .Fields("Task")
ComboBox76.Clear
ComboBox76.Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons."
ComboBox96.Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons."
ComboBox56. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons."
ComboBox76.AddItem .Fields("Hazard")
ComboBox96.Clear
ComboBox96.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols")
ComboBox56.Clear
ComboBox56.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols")
While Not .EOF
.MoveNext
```

ComboBox76.AddItem .Fields("Hazard")

ComboBox96.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols") ComboBox56.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols") Wend End With DB1.Close Exit Sub ErrorHandler: DB1.Close End Sub Private Sub TextBox17_DblClick(ByVal Cancel As MSForms.ReturnBoolean) Dim RS1 As Recordset Dim QRY1 As QueryDef Dim QueryString As String Dim temp As String On Error GoTo Error Handler QueryString = "PARAMETERS [Param1]TEXT; " & "SELECT * FROM Risk WHERE [Task] = [Param1]" Set DB1 = OpenDatabase(ThisWorkbook.Path & "\Wilson.mdb") If DB1.QueryDefs.Count < 1 Then Set QRY1 = DB1.CreateQueryDef("Query1", QueryString) Else Set QRY1 = DB1.QueryDefs("Query1") QRY1.Sql = QueryStringEnd If QRY1.Parameters("Param1") = InputBox("Enter task name.") Set RS1 = QRY1.OpenRecordset(dbOpenDynaset) With RS1 .MoveFirst TextBox17.Value = .Fields("Task") ComboBox77.Clear ComboBox77. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox97.Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox57. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox77.AddItem .Fields("Hazard") ComboBox97.Clear ComboBox97.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols") ComboBox57.Clear ComboBox57.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols") While Not .EOF .MoveNext ComboBox77.AddItem .Fields("Hazard")

ComboBox97.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols")

ComboBox57.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols") Wend End With DB1.Close Exit Sub ErrorHandler: DB1.Close End Sub Private Sub TextBox18 DblClick(ByVal Cancel As MSForms.ReturnBoolean) Dim RS1 As Recordset Dim QRY1 As QueryDef Dim QueryString As String Dim temp As String On Error GoTo Error Handler QueryString = "PARAMETERS [Param1]TEXT; " & "SELECT * FROM Risk WHERE [Task] = [Param1]" Set DB1 = OpenDatabase(ThisWorkbook.Path & "\Wilson.mdb") If DB1.QueryDefs.Count < 1 Then Set QRY1 = DB1.CreateQueryDef("Query1", QueryString) Else Set QRY1 = DB1.QueryDefs("Query1") QRY1.Sql = QueryString End If QRY1.Parameters("Param1") = InputBox("Enter task name.") Set RS1 = QRY1.OpenRecordset(dbOpenDynaset) With RS1 .MoveFirst TextBox18.Value = .Fields("Task") ComboBox78.Clear ComboBox78.Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox98. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectors." ComboBox58.Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox78.AddItem .Fields("Hazard") ComboBox98.Clear ComboBox98.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols") ComboBox58.Clear ComboBox58.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols") While Not .EOF .MoveNext ComboBox78.AddItem .Fields("Hazard") ComboBox98.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols") ComboBox58.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols")

Wend

```
End With
DB1.Close
Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
DB1.Close
End Sub
Private Sub TextBox19_DblClick(ByVal Cancel As MSForms.ReturnBoolean)
Dim RS1 As Recordset
Dim ORY1 As OueryDef
Dim QueryString As String
Dim temp As String
On Error GoTo Error Handler
QueryString = "PARAMETERS [Param1]TEXT; " & _
"SELECT * FROM Risk WHERE [Task] = [Param1]"
Set DB1 = OpenDatabase(ThisWorkbook.Path & "\Wilson.mdb")
If DB1.QueryDefs.Count < 1 Then
Set QRY1 = DB1.CreateQueryDef("Query1", QueryString)
Set QRY1 = DB1.QueryDefs("Query1")
QRY1.Sql = QueryString
End If
QRY1.Parameters("Param1") = InputBox("Enter task name.")
Set RS1 = QRY1.OpenRecordset(dbOpenDynaset)
With RS1
.MoveFirst
TextBox19.Value = .Fields("Task")
ComboBox61.Clear
ComboBox61. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons."
ComboBox82.Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons."
ComboBox42. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons."
ComboBox61.AddItem .Fields("Hazard")
ComboBox82.Clear
ComboBox82.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols")
ComboBox42.Clear
ComboBox42.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols")
While Not .EOF
.MoveNext
ComboBox61.AddItem .Fields("Hazard")
ComboBox82.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols")
ComboBox42.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols")
Wend
```

End With

DB1.Close Exit Sub ErrorHandler: DB1.Close End Sub Private Sub TextBox2 DblClick(ByVal Cancel As MSForms.ReturnBoolean) Dim RS1 As Recordset Dim QRY1 As QueryDef Dim QueryString As String Dim temp As String On Error GoTo Error Handler QueryString = "PARAMETERS [Param1]TEXT; " & "SELECT * FROM Risk WHERE [Task] = [Param1]" Set DB1 = OpenDatabase(ThisWorkbook.Path & "\Wilson.mdb") If DB1. Query Defs. Count < 1 Then Set QRY1 = DB1.CreateQueryDef("Query1", QueryString) Else Set QRY1 = DB1.QueryDefs("Query1") QRY1.Sql = QueryStringEnd If QRY1.Parameters("Param1") = InputBox("Enter task name") Set RS1 = QRY1.OpenRecordset(dbOpenDynaset) With RS1 .MoveFirst TextBox2.Value = .Fields("Task") ComboBox62.Clear ComboBox62. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox81. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox41. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox62.AddItem .Fields("Hazard") ComboBox81.Clear ComboBox81.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols") ComboBox41.Clear ComboBox41.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols") While Not .EOF .MoveNext ComboBox62.AddItem .Fields("Hazard") ComboBox81.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols") ComboBox41.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols") Wend End With DB1.Close

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler: DB1.Close End Sub Private Sub TextBox20_DblClick(ByVal Cancel As MSForms.ReturnBoolean) Dim RS1 As Recordset Dim QRY1 As QueryDef Dim QueryString As String Dim temp As String On Error GoTo Error Handler QueryString = "PARAMETERS [Param1]TEXT: " & "SELECT * FROM Risk WHERE [Task] = [Param1]" Set DB1 = OpenDatabase(ThisWorkbook.Path & "\Wilson.mdb") If DB1.QueryDefs.Count < 1 Then Set QRY1 = DB1.CreateQueryDef("Query1", QueryString) Else Set QRY1 = DB1.QueryDefs("Query1") QRY1.Sql = QueryStringEnd If QRY1.Parameters("Param1") = InputBox("Enter task name.") Set RS1 = QRY1.OpenRecordset(dbOpenDynaset) With RS1 .MoveFirst TextBox20.Value = .Fields("Task") ComboBox80.Clear ComboBox80. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox100.Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox60. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectors." ComboBox80.AddItem .Fields("Hazard") ComboBox100.Clear ComboBox100.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols") ComboBox60.Clear ComboBox60.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols") 'MsgBox "Customer's name is " & .Fields("Hazard") & "." While Not .EOF .MoveNext ComboBox80.AddItem .Fields("Hazard") ComboBox100.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols") ComboBox60.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols") Wend End With DB1.Close Exit Sub ErrorHandler:

DB1.Close

End Sub

End If

```
Private Sub TextBox3 DblClick(ByVal Cancel As MSForms.ReturnBoolean)
Dim RS1 As Recordset
Dim QRY1 As QueryDef
Dim QueryString As String
Dim temp As String
On Error GoTo Error Handler
QueryString = "PARAMETERS [Param1]TEXT; " &
"SELECT * FROM Risk WHERE [Task] = [Param1]"
Set DB1 = OpenDatabase(ThisWorkbook.Path & "\Wilson,mdb")
If DB1.QueryDefs.Count < 1 Then
Set QRY1 = DB1.CreateQueryDef("Query1", QueryString)
Else
Set QRY1 = DB1.QueryDefs("Query1")
QRY1.Sql = QueryString
End If
If TextBox3. Value <> " " Then
QRY1.Parameters("Param1") = InputBox("Enter task name.")
Set RS1 = QRY1.OpenRecordset(dbOpenDynaset)
With RS1
.MoveFirst
TextBox3.Value = .Fields("Task")
ComboBox63.Clear
ComboBox63.Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons."
ComboBox83. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons."
ComboBox43. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons."
ComboBox63.AddItem .Fields("Hazard")
ComboBox83.Clear
ComboBox83.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols")
ComboBox43.Clear
ComboBox43.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols")
While Not .EOF
.MoveNext
ComboBox63.AddItem .Fields("Hazard")
ComboBox83.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols")
ComboBox43.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols")
Wend
End With
DB1.Close
Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
DB1.Close
```

End Sub

```
Private Sub TextBox4_DblClick(ByVal Cancel As MSForms.ReturnBoolean)
Dim RS1 As Recordset
Dim QRY1 As QueryDef
Dim QueryString As String
Dim temp As String
On Error GoTo Error Handler
QueryString = "PARAMETERS [Param1]TEXT; " &
"SELECT * FROM Risk WHERE [Task] = [Param1]"
Set DB1 = OpenDatabase(ThisWorkbook.Path & "\Wilson.mdb")
If DB1. Ouery Defs. Count < 1 Then
Set QRY1 = DB1.CreateQueryDef("Query1", QueryString)
Else
Set QRY1 = DB1.QueryDefs("Query1")
QRY1.Sql = QueryString
End If
QRY1.Parameters("Param1") = InputBox("Enter task name.")
Set RS1 = QRY1.OpenRecordset(dbOpenDynaset)
With RS1
.MoveFirst
TextBox4. Value = .Fields("Task")
ComboBox64.Clear
ComboBox64. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons."
ComboBox84. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons."
ComboBox44. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons."
ComboBox64.AddItem .Fields("Hazard")
ComboBox84.Clear
ComboBox84.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols")
ComboBox44.Clear
ComboBox44.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols")
While Not .EOF
.MoveNext
ComboBox64.AddItem .Fields("Hazard")
ComboBox84.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols")
ComboBox44.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols")
Wend
End With
DB1.Close
Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
DB1.Close
```

Private Sub TextBox5 DblClick(ByVal Cancel As MSForms.ReturnBoolean) Dim RS1 As Recordset Dim ORY1 As QueryDef Dim QueryString As String Dim temp As String On Error GoTo Error Handler QueryString = "PARAMETERS [Param1]TEXT; " & "SELECT * FROM Risk WHERE [Task] = [Param1]" Set DB1 = OpenDatabase(ThisWorkbook,Path & "\Wilson.mdb") If DB1.QueryDefs.Count < 1 Then Set QRY1 = DB1.CreateQueryDef("Query1", QueryString) Else Set QRY1 = DB1.QueryDefs("Query1") QRY1.Sql = QueryString End If QRY1.Parameters("Param1") = InputBox("Enter task name.") Set RS1 = QRY1.OpenRecordset(dbOpenDynaset) With RS1 .MoveFirst TextBox5. Value = .Fields("Task") ComboBox65.Clear ComboBox65. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox85.Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox45.Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox65.AddItem .Fields("Hazard") ComboBox85.Clear ComboBox85.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols") ComboBox45.Clear ComboBox45.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols") While Not .EOF .MoveNext ComboBox65.AddItem .Fields("Hazard") ComboBox85.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols") ComboBox45.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols") Wend End With DB1.Close Exit Sub ErrorHandler: DB1.Close

Private Sub TextBox6 DblClick(ByVal Cancel As MSForms.ReturnBoolean) Dim RS1 As Recordset Dim QRY1 As QueryDef Dim QueryString As String Dim temp As String On Error GoTo Error Handler QueryString = "PARAMETERS [Param1]TEXT; " & "SELECT * FROM Risk WHERE [Task] = [Param1]" Set DB1 = OpenDatabase(ThisWorkbook.Path & "\Wilson.mdb") If DB1.QueryDefs.Count < 1 Then Set QRY1 = DB1.CreateQueryDef("Query1", QueryString) Else Set QRY1 = DB1.QueryDefs("Query1") QRY1.Sql = QueryString End If QRY1.Parameters("Param1") = InputBox("Enter task name.") Set RS1 = QRY1.OpenRecordset(dbOpenDynaset) With RS1 .MoveFirst TextBox6.Value = .Fields("Task") ComboBox66.Clear ComboBox66. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox86.Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox46. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox66.AddItem .Fields("Hazard") ComboBox86.Clear ComboBox86.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols") ComboBox46.Clear ComboBox46.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols") While Not .EOF .MoveNext ComboBox66.AddItem .Fields("Hazard") ComboBox86.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols") ComboBox46.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols") Wend End With DB1.Close Exit Sub ErrorHandler: DB1.Close

Private Sub TextBox7 DblClick(ByVal Cancel As MSForms.ReturnBoolean) Dim RS1 As Recordset Dim QRY1 As QueryDef Dim QueryString As String Dim temp As String On Error GoTo Error Handler QueryString = "PARAMETERS [Param1]TEXT; " & "SELECT * FROM Risk WHERE [Task] = [Param1]" Set DB1 = OpenDatabase(ThisWorkbook.Path & "\Wilson.mdb") If DB1.QueryDefs.Count < 1 Then Set QRY1 = DB1.CreateQueryDef("Query1", QueryString) Else Set QRY1 = DB1.QueryDefs("Query1")QRY1.Sql = QueryStringEnd If QRY1.Parameters("Param1") = InputBox("Enter task name.") Set RS1 = QRY1.OpenRecordset(dbOpenDynaset)With RS1 .MoveFirst TextBox7.Value = .Fields("Task") ComboBox67.Clear ComboBox67. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox87.Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox47. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox67.AddItem .Fields("Hazard") ComboBox87.Clear ComboBox87.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols") ComboBox47.Clear ComboBox47.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols") While Not .EOF .MoveNext ComboBox67.AddItem .Fields("Hazard") ComboBox87.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols") ComboBox47.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols") Wend End With DB1.Close Exit Sub ErrorHandler: DB1.Close

Private Sub TextBox8_DblClick(ByVal Cancel As MSForms.ReturnBoolean) Dim RS1 As Recordset Dim QRY1 As QueryDef Dim QueryString As String Dim temp As String On Error GoTo Error Handler QueryString = "PARAMETERS [Param1]TEXT; " & "SELECT * FROM Risk WHERE [Task] = [Param1]" Set DB1 = OpenDatabase(ThisWorkbook.Path & "\Wilson.mdb") If DB1.OuervDefs.Count < 1 Then Set QRY1 = DB1.CreateQueryDef("Query1", QueryString) Else Set QRY1 = DB1.QueryDefs("Query1") QRY1.Sql = QueryStringEnd If QRY1.Parameters("Param1") = InputBox("Enter task name.") Set RS1 = QRY1.OpenRecordset(dbOpenDynaset) With RS1 .MoveFirst TextBox8. Value = .Fields("Task") ComboBox68.Clear ComboBox68. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox88.Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox48. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox68.AddItem .Fields("Hazard") ComboBox88.Clear ComboBox88.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols") ComboBox48.Clear ComboBox48.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols") While Not .EOF .MoveNext ComboBox68.AddItem .Fields("Hazard") ComboBox88.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols") ComboBox48.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols") Wend End With DB1.Close Exit Sub ErrorHandler: DB1.Close End Sub

Private Sub TextBox9 DblClick(ByVal Cancel As MSForms.ReturnBoolean) Dim RS1 As Recordset Dim QRY1 As QueryDef Dim QueryString As String Dim temp As String On Error GoTo Error Handler QueryString = "PARAMETERS [Param1]TEXT; " & "SELECT * FROM Risk WHERE [Task] = [Param1]" Set DB1 = OpenDatabase(ThisWorkbook.Path & "\Wilson.mdb") If DB1.QueryDefs.Count < 1 Then Set QRY1 = DB1.CreateQueryDef("Query1", QueryString) Else Set QRY1 = DB1.QueryDefs("Query1") QRY1.Sql = QueryString End If QRY1.Parameters("Param1") = InputBox("Enter task name.") Set RS1 = QRY1.OpenRecordset(dbOpenDynaset) With RS1 .MoveFirst TextBox9. Value = .Fields("Task") ComboBox69.Clear ComboBox69. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectors." ComboBox89.Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox49. Value = "Use drop down button to make selectons." ComboBox69.AddItem .Fields("Hazard") ComboBox89.Clear ComboBox89.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols") ComboBox49.Clear ComboBox49.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols") While Not .EOF .MoveNext ComboBox69.AddItem .Fields("Hazard") ComboBox89.AddItem .Fields("Dcontrols") ComboBox49.AddItem .Fields("Icontrols") Wend End With DB1.Close Exit Sub ErrorHandler: DB1.Close

This routine adds the optimal solution configuration to the Excel Workbook page

Sub word()
Workbooks.OpenText FileName:="C:\My Documents\CUT.DOC", Origin:=xlWindows,

StartRow:=1, DataType:=xlDelimited, TextQualifier:=xlDoubleQuote, ___

ConsecutiveDelimiter:=False, Tab:=True, Semicolon:=False, Comma:=False _ , Space:=False, Other:=False, FieldInfo:=Array(1, 1)
Sheets("CUT").Select
Sheets("CUT").Move Before:=Workbooks("Storage6.xls").Sheets(2)
End Sub

This routine puts the cursor at the starting text on the worksheet solution page.

Sub optimal()
Cells.Find(What:="optimal configuration Pattern", After:=ActiveCell, LookIn:=_xlFormulas, LookAt:=xlPart, SearchOrder:=xlByRows, SearchDirection:=_xlNext, MatchCase:=False).Activate
End Sub

This routine configures the boxes and finds the smallest "foot print" before the problem is optimized.

Sub sort1()
For i = 3 To 52
Range(Worksheets("Storage").Cells(i, 2), Worksheets("Storage").Cells(i, 4)).Select
Selection.sort Key1:=Worksheets("Storage").Cells(i, 2), Order1:=xlDescending,
Header:=xlGuess,
OrderCustom:=1, MatchCase:=False, Orientation:=xlLeftToRight
Next i
Range("A1").Select
End Sub

This routine solves the 2 dimensional cutting stock problem.

Option Base 1
Sub Find()
With Application. WorksheetFunction
Dim TA As Long
Const TOL1 As Single = 0.0001
Const TOL2 As Single = 0.00001
Dim NROW As Long
Dim IPR As Long
Dim NR As Long
Dim SL As Long
Dim SL As Long

```
Dim SW As Long
Dim DX As Long
Dim DY As Long
Dim ML As Long
Dim MW As Long
Dim M1 As Long
Dim M2 As Long
Dim IT As Long
Dim ED As Long
Dim SC As Single
Dim AC As Single
Dim ZB As Single
Dim IX As Long
1040 NROW = Worksheets("Storage").Cells(20, 6)
1080 \text{ IPR} = 2
1110 SL = Worksheets("Storage").Cells(9, 6)
1115 SW = Worksheets("Storage").Cells(13, 6)
1116 \text{ SC} = 1
1130 TA = 5000 * NROW
Dim OL() As Long
ReDim OL(NROW)
Dim OW() As Long
ReDim OW(NROW)
Dim X() As Long
ReDim X(NROW)
Dim BL() As Long
ReDim BL(NROW)
Dim BW() As Long
ReDim BW(NROW)
Dim OQ() As Variant
ReDim OQ(NROW)
Dim T1() As Long
ReDim T1(TA)
Dim T2() As Long
ReDim T2(TA)
Dim TX() As Long
ReDim TX(TA)
Dim TY() As Long
ReDim TY(TA)
Dim R1() As Long
ReDim R1(TA)
Dim R2() As Long
ReDim R2(TA)
Dim BBAR() As Variant
ReDim BBAR(NROW)
```

```
Dim F() As Variant
ReDim F(NROW)
Dim AR() As Variant
ReDim AR(NROW)
Dim BA() As Variant
ReDim BA(NROW)
Dim CB() As Variant
ReDim CB(NROW)
Dim PI() As Variant
ReDim PI(NROW)
Dim BE() As Variant
ReDim BE(NROW)
Dim RT() As Variant
ReDim RT(NROW)
Dim PA() As Long
ReDim PA(NROW, NROW)
Dim W() As Long
ReDim W(0 To SL, 0 To SW)
Dim L() As Long
ReDim L(0 To SL, 0 To SW)
Dim BI() As Variant
ReDim BI(NROW, NROW)
Dim V1() As Variant
ReDim V1(SL, SW)
Dim name3(50) As String
Dim SWI As String
Dim fp As String
1225 For i = 1 To NROW
1226 OL(i) = Worksheets("Storage").Cells(i + 2, 2)
1227 OW(i) = Worksheets("Storage").Cells(i + 2, 3)
1228 OQ(i) = Worksheets("Storage").Cells(i + 2, 5)
1229Next I
1230 If IPR = 1 Then GoTo 1500
1235 Open "CUT.DOC" For Output As #1
1240 Print #1,: Print #1, "*** INPUT DATA ***": Print #1,
1250 Print #1, "* STOCK LENGTH, STOCK WIDTH, STOCK COST *": Print #1,
1260 Print #1, SL, SW, SC
1270 Print #1,
1280 Print #1,
1290 Print #1, "* ORDER LENGTH, ORDER WIDTH, ORDER QUANTITY *"
1295 Print #1,
1300 For j = 1 To NROW
      Print #1, OL(i), OW(i), OQ(i)
1310
1320 Next j: Print #1,
```

```
1500 Rem ******
 1510 Rem INISOL
 1520 Rem ******
 1530 \text{ IT} = 1
 1540 If IPR = 2 Then GoTo 1560
 1560 Print #1, "***** ITERATION": IT: "*****"
 1570 Print #1,
 1580 For i = 1 To NROW
 1590 For i = 1 To NROW
 1600
         If i \Leftrightarrow j Then PA(i, j) = 0: GoTo 1620
 1610
         PA(i, j) = Int(SL / OL(i)) * Int(SW / OW(i))
 1620 Next j
 1630 Next i
1640 For i = 1 To NROW: BL(i) = SL: BW(i) = SW: Next i
 1650 For i = 1 To NROW: CB(i) = SC: Next i
 1660 AC = SC: ML = SL: MW = SW
 1680 For i = 1 To NROW
 1690 If ML <= OL(i) Then GoTo 1710
 1700 \quad ML = OL(i)
1710 Next i
1720 For i = 1 To NROW
1730 If MW <= OW(i) Then GoTo 1750
1740 \quad MW = OW(i)
1750 Next i
1760 For i = 1 To NROW: For j = 1 To NROW
1770 If i = j Then BI(i, j) = 1 / PA(i, j): GoTo 1790
1780 BI(i, j) = 0
1790 Next i: Next i
1800 For i = 1 To NROW
1810 BBAR(i) = 0
1820 For j = 1 To NROW
1830
         BBAR(i) = BI(i, j) * OQ(j) + BBAR(i)
1840 Next j
1850 Next i
1860 \text{ ZB} = 0
1870 For i = 1 To NROW
1880 ZB = CB(i) * BBAR(i) + ZB
1890 Next i
1900 If IPR = 1 Then GoTo 2500
1910 Print #1,: Print #1, "** INITIAL CUTTING Pattern **": Print #1,
1920 For i = 1 To NROW
1930
       Print #1, "Pattern ("; i; ")"
       Print #1, "STOCK RECTANGLE="; BL(i); "*"; BW(i); ""; Spc(3);
1940
"QUANTITY="; BBAR(i)
1950 For j = 1 To NROW
```

```
1960
        If PA(j, i) = 0 Then GoTo 1990
        Print #1, "ORDER RECTANGLE="; OL(i); "*"; OW(i); ""; Spc(3);
1970
1980
        Print #1, "number of items"; PA(i, i)
1990
       Next i
2000
       Print #1,
2010 Next i
2020 Print #1,
2030 Print #1, "Minimum number of shelves required is="; ZB
2040 Print #1,
2500 Rem *****
2510 Rem MAIN
2520 Rem *****
2530 GoSub 3000
2540 GoSub 3500
2550 GoSub 5500
2560 GoSub 6000
2570 GoSub 6500
2580 GoSub 7000
2590 IT = IT + 1
2600 If IPR = 1 Then GoTo 2630
2610 Print #1,: Print #1, "**** ITERATION"; IT; " ****": Print #1,
2620 Print #1,: Print #1,
2625 'Print "*** ITERATION"; IT; " ***"
2630 GoTo 2530
3000 Rem **************
3010 Rem BTRAN:CALCULATING PI
3020 Rem **************
3030 For i = 1 To NROW
3040
      PI(i) = 0
3050
      For j = 1 To NROW
      PI(i) = CB(j) * BI(j, i) + PI(i)
3060
3070
     Next i
3080 Next i
3090 If IPR = 1 Then GoTo 3130
3100 Print #1, "** BTRAN: CALCULATING PI **": Print #1,
3110 For i = 1 To NROW: Print #1, PI(i),: Next i
3120 Print #1,
3130 Return
3500 Rem ************
3510 Rem ENTERING COLUMN
3520 Rem ************
3530 If IPR = 1 Then GoTo 3550
3540 Print #1,
```

```
3550 For i = 1 To NROW
3560
       X(i) = 0
3570 Next i
3580 Rem SLACK ENTERING
3590 \text{ SC} = AC
3600 \text{ For } i = 1 \text{ To NROW}
3610
       If PI(i) < -TOL1 Then X(i) = -1: SC = 0: GoTo 5080
3620 Next i
3630 If IPR = 1 Then GoTo 3650
3650 For i = 1 To SL: For j = 1 To SW
      V1(i, j) = 0: L(i, j) = 0: W(i, j) = 0
3670 Next j: Next i
3680 For K = 1 To NROW
3690
     If PI(K) < TOL1 Then GoTo 3770
3700
       For i = 1 To SL
3710
         For i = 1 To SW
3720
          If i \ge OL(K) And j \ge OW(K) Then V2 = PI(K): GoTo 3740
3730
           GoTo 3750
3740
           If V1(i, j) < V2 Then V1(i, j) = V2
3750
         Next i
3760
       Next i
3770 Next K
3780 For K = 1 To NROW
3790
       If PI(K) < TOL1 Then GoTo 3820
3800
       V1(OL(K), OW(K)) = PI(K)
3810
     L(OL(K), OW(K)) = OL(K): W(OL(K), OW(K)) = OW(K)
3820 Next K
3830 L(0, 0) = 0: W(0, 0) = 0
3840 XX = 1: YY = 1
3850 Rem HORIZONTAL
3860 IX = 1
3865 \text{ NOX} = 0
3870 If IX + XX \le SL Then GoTo 3890
3880 GoTo 3945
3890 V = V1(IX, YY) + V1(XX, YY)
3900 If V - V1(IX + XX, YY) > TOL2 Then GoTo 3930
3910 If V1(IX + XX, YY) - V > TOL2 Then GoTo 3940
3920 If (V1(IX, YY) * V1(XX, YY) \Leftrightarrow 0) Then L(IX + XX, YY) = IX: W(IX + XX, YY) = IX
YY) = YY: GoTo 3940
3930 V1(IX + XX, YY) = V: L(IX + XX, YY) = IX: W(IX + XX, YY) = YY
3940 If IX < XX Then IX = IX + 1: NOX = 1: GoTo 3870
3945 If NOX = 1 Then GoTo 3865
3950 Rem VERTICAL
3960 Y = 1
3965 \text{ NOY} = 0
3970 If Y + YY <= SW Then GoTo 3990
```

```
3980 GoTo 4045
3990 V = V1(XX, Y) + V1(XX, YY)
4000 If V - V1(XX, Y + YY) > TOL2 Then GoTo 4030
4010 If V1(XX, Y + YY) - V > TOL2 Then GoTo 4040
4020 If (V1(XX, Y) * V1(XX, YY) \Leftrightarrow 0) Then L(XX, Y + YY) = XX: W(XX, Y + YY)
= Y: GoTo 4040
4030 V1(XX, Y + YY) = V: W(XX, Y + YY) = Y: L(XX, Y + YY) = XX
4040 If Y < YY Then Y = Y + 1: NOY = 1: GoTo 3970
4045 If NOY = 1 Then GoTo 3965
4050 If XX < SL Then XX = XX + 1: GoTo 3850
4060 If YY < SW Then YY = YY + 1: XX = 1: GoTo 3850
4070 Rem BACKTRACKING
4080 \text{ NL} = \text{SL}: \text{NW} = \text{SW}
4090 If L(NL, NW) * W(NL, NW) <> 0 Then GoTo 4120
4100 If L(NL, NW) = 0 Then NW = NW - 1: GoTo 4090
4110 If W(NL, NW) = 0 Then NL = NL - 1: GoTo 4090
4120 AX = NL: AY = NW
4130 M1 = 0
4140 If L(AX, AY) \Leftrightarrow AX And W(AX, AY) \Leftrightarrow AY Then GoTo 4280
4150 If W(AX, AY) \Leftrightarrow AY Then GoTo 4220
4160 Rem W(AX,AY)=AY
4170 DX = L(AX, AY): DY = W(AX, AY)
4180 GoSub 4380
4190 DX = AX - L(AX, AY): DY = W(AX, AY)
4200 GoSub 4380
4210 GoTo 4370
4220 Rem L(AX,AY)=AX
4230 DX = L(AX, AY): DY = W(AX, AY)
4240 GoSub 4380
4250 DX = L(AX, AY): DY = AY - W(AX, AY)
4260 GoSub 4380
4270 GoTo 4370
4280 Rem L(AX,AY) ⇔AX AND W(AX,AY) ⇔AY
4290 DX = L(AX, AY): DY = W(AX, AY)
4300 GoSub 4380
4310 DX = AX - L(AX, AY): DY = W(AX, AY)
4320 GoSub 4380
4330 DX = L(AX, AY): DY = AY - W(AX, AY)
4340 GoSub 4380
4350 DX = AX - L(AX, AY): DY = AY - W(AX, AY)
4360 GoSub 4380
4370 GoTo 4460
4380 Rem
4390 If DX < ML Or DY < MW Then GoTo 4450
4395 \text{ K1} = 1
4400 If L(DX, DY) * W(DX, DY) <> 0 Then GoTo 4430
```

```
4403 i = DX: j = DY:
4406 If ((V1(DX, DY) - V1(DX - K1, DY) \le TOL1) And (V1(DX, DY) - V1(DX - K1, DY) \le TOL1)
DY) > = -TOL1) Then DX = DX - K1: GoTo 4425
4410 If ((V1(DX, DY) - V1(DX, DY - K1) \le TOL1) And (V1(DX, DY) - V1(DX, DY)
-K1) >= -TOL1)) Then DY = DY - K1: GoTo 4425
4415 If ((V1(DX, DY) - V1(DX - K1, DY - K1) \le TOL1) And (V1(DX, DY) - V1(DX)
-K1, DY -K1) >= -TOL1) Then DX = DX -K1: DY = DY -K1: GoTo 4425
4420 If ((i = DX) \text{ And } (j = DY)) \text{ Then } K1 = K1 + 1
4425 GoTo 4400
4430 \text{ M1} = \text{M1} + 1
4440 TX(M1) = DX: TY(M1) = DY
4450 Return
4460 Rem
4470 K = 0: M2 = 0
4480 For i = 1 To M1
4490
       If L(TX(i), TY(i)) \Leftrightarrow TX(i) Or W(TX(i), TY(i)) \Leftrightarrow TY(i) Then GoTo 4540
4500
       Rem L(TX(I),TY(I))=TX(I):W(TX(I),TY(I))=TY(I)
4510
       K = K + 1
4520
       R1(K) = TX(i): R2(K) = TY(i)
4530
       GoTo 4770
4540
       If L(TX(i), TY(i)) \Leftrightarrow TX(i) Then GoTo 4610
4550 Rem L(TX(I),TY(I))=TX(I)
4560
       DX = L(TX(i), TY(i)): DY = W(TX(i), TY(i))
4570
       GoSub 4790
4580
       DX = L(TX(i), TY(i)): DY = TY(i) - W(TX(i), TY(i))
4590
       GoSub 4790
4600
       GoTo 4770
4610
       If W(TX(i), TY(i)) \Leftrightarrow TY(i) Then GoTo 4680
4620 Rem W(TX(I),TY(I))=TY(I)
4630
       DX = L(TX(i), TY(i)): DY = W(TX(i), TY(i))
4640
       GoSub 4790
4650
       DX = TX(i) - L(TX(i), TY(i)): DY = W(TX(i), TY(i))
4660
       GoSub 4790
4670
       GoTo 4770
4680 Rem L(TX(I),TY(I)) \diamondsuit TX(I) AND W(TX(I),TY(I)) \diamondsuit TY(I)
4690
       DX = L(TX(i), TY(i)): DY = W(TX(i), TY(i))
4700
       GoSub 4790
4710
       DX = TX(i) - L(TX(i), TY(i)): DY = W(TX(i), TY(i))
4720
       GoSub 4790
4730
       DX = L(TX(i), TY(i)): DY = TY(i) - W(TX(i), TY(i))
4740
       GoSub 4790
4750
       DX = TX(i) - L(TX(i), TY(i)): DY = TY(i) - W(TX(i), TY(i))
       GoSub 4790
4760
4770 Next i
4780 GoTo 4870
4790 Rem
```

```
4800 If DX < ML Or DY < MW Then GoTo 4860
4805 \text{ K1} = 1
4810 If L(DX, DY) * W(DX, DY) <> 0 Then GoTo 4840
4813 i = DX: j = DY:
4816 If ((V1(DX, DY) - V1(DX - K1, DY) \le TOL1) And (V1(DX, DY) - V1(DX - K1, DY) \le TOL1)
DY) >= -TOL1)) Then DX = DX - K1: GoTo 4835
4820 If ((V1(DX, DY) - V1(DX, DY - K1) \le TOL1) And (V1(DX, DY) - V1(DX, DY)
-K1) > = -TOL1) Then DY = DY - K1: GoTo 4835
4825 If ((V1(DX, DY) - V1(DX - K1, DY - K1) \le TOL1) And (V1(DX, DY) - V1(DX - K1))
- K1, DY - K1) >= -TOL1)) Then DX = DX - K1: DY = DY - K1: GoTo 4835
4830 If ((i = DX) \text{ And } (j = DY)) Then K1 = K1 + 1
4835 GoTo 4810
4840 \text{ M2} = \text{M2} + 1
4850 \text{ T1(M2)} = DX: T2(M2) = DY
4860 Return
4870 Rem
4880 If M2 = 0 Then GoTo 4950
4890 For i = 1 To M2
       TX(i) = T1(i): TY(i) = T2(i)
4900
4910 Next i
4920 \text{ M1} = \text{M2}
4930 M2 = 0: GoTo 4480
4940 Rem ENTERING COLUMN
4950 For i = 1 To NROW: X(i) = 0: Next i
4960 For j = 1 To K
4970
       For i = 1 To NROW
4980
         If PI(i) < TOL1 Then GoTo 5000
4990
         If R1(i) = OL(i) And R2(i) = OW(i) Then X(i) = X(i) + 1
5000
       Next i
5010 Next i
5020 Z1 = 0
5030 For i = 1 To NROW
5040
       If PI(i) = 0 Then GoTo 5060
5050
      Z1 = X(i) * PI(i) + Z1
5060 Next i
5070 If SC - Z1 > -TOL1 Then GoTo 7500
5080 If IPR = 1 Then GoTo 5130
5090 Print #1,: Print #1,
5100 Print #1, "** ENTERING COLUMN I=1.NROW **": Print #1.
5110 For i = 1 To NROW: Print #1, X(i).: Next i
5120 Print #1,: Print #1,
5130 Return
5500 Rem ***********
5510 Rem FTRAN: UPDATE COL
5520 Rem ************
```

```
5530 For i = 1 To NROW
5540
      BA(i) = 0
5550
      For j = 1 To NROW
5560
       BA(i) = BI(i, j) * X(j) + BA(i)
5570
      Next i
5580 Next i
5590 For i = 1 To NROW
5600 AR(i) = BA(i)
5610 Next i
5620 If IPR = 1 Then GoTo 5650
5630 Print #1,: Print #1, "** FTRAN: UPDATE COL **": Print #1,
5640 For i = 1 To NROW: Print #1, AR(i).: Next i
5650 Return
6000 Rem ******
6010 Rem CHUZR
6020 Rem ******
6030 MINR = 10000000000#
6040 \text{ For } i = 1 \text{ To NROW}
6060
      If AR(i) \le 0 Then GoTo 6080
6070
      RT(i) = BBAR(i) / AR(i)
6080 Next i
6090 \text{ For } i = 1 \text{ To NROW}
6100 If MINR <= RT(i) Then GoTo 6120
6110 MINR = RT(i): NR = i
6120 Next i
6130 BL(NR) = SL: BW(NR) = SW: CB(NR) = SC
6160 For i = 1 To NROW
6170 PA(i, NR) = X(i)
6180 Next i
6190 If IPR = 1 Then GoTo 6250
6200 Print #1,
6210 Print #1,: Print #1, "** CHUZR:PIVOT ROW **": Print #1,
6220 Print #1,: Print #1, "BL("; NR; ")"; "*"; "BW("; NR; ")", "CB("; NR; ")", "RT(";
NR; ")"
6230 Print #1,
6240 Print #1, BL(NR); "*"; BW(NR), CB(NR), RT(NR)
6250 Return
6500 Rem *****
6510 Rem BINV
6520 Rem *****
6530 TMP = AR(NR)
6540 For i = 1 To NROW
6550 F(i) = -1 * AR(i) / TMP
```

```
6560 Next i
6570 F(NR) = 1 / TMP
6580 For i = 1 To NROW
6590
       If i = NR Then GoTo 6630
6600
       For i = 1 To NROW
6610
         BI(i, j) = BI(i, j) + F(i) * BI(NR, j)
6620
       Next i
6630 Next i
6640 For j = 1 To NROW
6650 BI(NR, i) = F(NR) * BI(NR, i)
6660 Next i
6670 If IPR = 1 Then GoTo 6710
6680 Print #1,: Print #1, "** UPBINV: UPDATE B INVERSE **": Print #1,
6690 Print #1, "BI(I,J),I=1,NROW,J=1,NROW = ": Print #1,
6700 For i = 1 To NROW: For j = 1 To NROW: Print #1, BI(i, j),: Next j: Next i
6710 Return
7000 Rem ************
7010 Rem UPDATE SOLUTION
7020 Rem ***********
7030 For i = 1 To NROW
7040
       BBAR(i) = 0
7050
       For j = 1 To NROW
7060
        BBAR(i) = BI(i, j) * OQ(j) + BBAR(i)
7070 Next j: Next i
7080 \text{ ZB} = 0
7090 For i = 1 To NROW
7100 ZB = CB(i) * BBAR(i) + ZB
7110 Next i
7120 If IPR = 1 Then GoTo 7260
7130 Print #1,: Print #1, "** UPSOL: UPDATED CUTTING Pattern **": Print #1,
7140 For i = 1 To NROW
7150
      If BBAR(i) = 0 Then GoTo 7240
7160
       Print #1, "Pattern ("; i; ")"
7170
      Print #1, "Storage rectangle"; BL(i); "*"; BW(i); ""; Spc(3):: Print #1,
"QUANTITY="; BBAR(i)
7180
      For i = 1 To NROW
        If PA(i, i) = 0 Then GoTo 7220
7190
7200
        Print #1, "Item Rectangle"; OL(j); "*"; OW(j); ""; Spc(3);
7210
        Print #1, "number of items"; PA(j, i)
7220
       Next i
      Print #1,
7230
7240 Next i
7250 Print #1,: Print #1, "Minimum number of shelves required is="; ZB: Print #1,
7260 Return
```

```
7500 Rem ******
 7510 Rem OPTSOL
 7520 Rem ******
 7530 Print #1,: Print #1,
 7540 Print #1, "**** Optimal configuration Pattern ****": Print #1,
 7550 For i = 1 To NROW
        If BBAR(i) = 0 Then GoTo 7650
 7560
        Print #1, "Pattern ("; i; ")"
 7570
 7580 Print #1, "Storage rectangle "; BL(i); "*"; BW(i); ""; Spc(3);: Print #1,
 "QUANTITY="; .RoundUp(BBAR(i), 0)
        For j = 1 To NROW
 7590
7600
         If PA(j, i) = 0 Then GoTo 7630
         Print #1, "Item Rectangle "; OL(j); "*"; OW(j); ""; Spc(3);
 7610
         Print #1, "number of items"; PA(j, i)
 7620
7630
       Next i
7640
       Print #1.
7650 Next i
7660 \text{ ZB} = 0
7670 For i = 1 To NROW
7680 ZB = CB(i) * BBAR(i) + ZB
7690 Next i
7700 Print #1, "Minimum number of shelves required is "; .RoundUp(ZB, 0)
8000 Close #1
End With
End Sub
```

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CPT Blane Christopher Wilson was born at Fort, Benning, Georgia, 13 December 1966. He graduated from Kendrick High School in 1984. After high school, he attended Columbus State University, Columbus, Georgia. On August 1988, he graduated from Columbus State University, accepting a commission in the United States Army and earning a Bachelor of Science in Computer Science.

Afterwards, he attended the Signal Officer Basic Course, Fort Gordon, Georgia, and was assigned to the 22d Signal Brigade in Frankfurt, Germany. After his tour in Germany, he completed the Signal Officer Advanced Course, with a follow on assignment to the 24th Infantry Division, Fort Stewart, Georgia. During his tour, he was assigned as a Brigade Signal Officer and a Signal Company Commander.

CPT Wilson entered the Operations Analysis program at the Air Force Institute of Technology in January 1997. He and Winefreda have one child, Blane, Jr. After completion of his degree in operations analysis, CPT Wilson will be assigned to the Training Analysis Center (TRAC), Fort Leavenworth, Kansas.